

ABROGATION OF REGENT PRINCE TREATY IS URGED

Men of Prominence Advocate
Drastic Action in Behalf
Jewish Citizens

IS NO DANGER OF WAR

Former U. S. Ambassador Em-
pire Says Countries Could
Not Harm Each Other

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—Abrogation of the treaty of friendly relations between the United States and Russia made in 1832 was urged in speeches delivered by a dozen or more men of national prominence, and in resolutions adopted at large mass meeting held in Carnegie hall tonight.

The meeting was under the auspices of the National Citizens committee, which plans a series of similar demonstrations throughout the country during the next month in protest against discrimination by Russia in her refusal to honor the passports of Jewish-American citizens.

As a means to break the long deadlock in diplomacy over the passport question most of the speakers tonight advocated the immediate notice to Russia of the abrogation of the treaty, the terms of which have been violated by Russia.

Andrew D. White, former United States ambassador to Russia was chairman of the meeting, and in his address dwelt on the relations of the United States and Russia. He was one of but few speakers who strongly urged that Russia be invited to arbitrate the question at The Hague before a movement was made to abrogate the treaty.

Warns Against Being Peremptory.
He said Russia was a nation of great pride and that peremptory demands would lead to indignant rejoinders and reprisals regardless of any justice.

"Might they not even congratulate them for the first step of the question," said the chairman.

"If the treaty should be canceled might not the pill be sweetened for them by the relief that all inheritances from Jewish families in Russia to Jewish heirs in America would lapse into the imperial treasury?"

Mr. White characterized the suggestion of war as altogether foolish.

"The two nations cannot reach each other at any vulnerable point," he

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GOVERNMENT HAS EYE ON GOMPERS

Movements of A. F. of L. Head
Closely Watched, as Shown
by Attorney's Remarks

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—That the federal government has been watching closely the movements of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was made known here tonight when United States Attorney Miller told of a secret Washington conference held between the labor head and "Prosecutor Paker" of this county.

The visit was made about the time the county officials were attempting to prevent the federal authorities from gaining possession of the books and records obtained in a raid at the office of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers when J. J. McNamara was arrested.

Prosecutor Baker admits that he conferred with Gompers and says he intends to make a second visit next January.

In reply to Mr. Gompers, who said the district attorney was impertinent, Mr. Miller said:

"Mr. Gompers insists that his position is secure and his attitude consistent, but he is very tender and touchy since his 'credulity' was imposed upon by the statements made by the McNamara brothers.

Invites Gompers to Talk.
"Because I was quoted as saying that in my opinion Gompers is an unsafe leader" he very passionately explains that he is not afraid of being prosecuted.

"Mr. Gompers need not necessarily concern himself as to my attitude in attempting to enforce the laws of the United States. He can be assured of the fact that the United States attorney in this jurisdiction will not consider it necessary to go to Washington to obtain Mr. Gompers' views.

HAS RESIGNED

IS CONSIDERED VICTORY
FOR CHINESE PREMIER

PEKIN, Dec. 6.—An edict announcing the resignation of Regent Prince Chun, and the naming of Sui Hsu and Hsu Shih-Chang as guardians of the throne, was issued today by the empress dowager. It is signed by members of the cabinet and points out that the administration has been unpopular and that a constitutional government has not yet been established, explaining (this by the fact that complications arose, the people's hearts were broken and the country was thrown into turmoil.

The regent regrets that his resignation came too late and feels that if he continued in power his commands would be disregarded.

The edict continues:
"He wept and prayed to resign the regency, at the same time expressing his earnest intention to abstain from politics. I, the empress dowager, living in the palace, am ignorant of the state of affairs, but know that rebellion exists and fighting continues, causing disaster everywhere, while the commerce of friendly nations suffers. The regent is honest, though ambitious. Being misled he has harmed the people, therefore his resignation is accepted."

The regent has been granted 50,000 taels annually from the imperial household allowances.

Sacrifice Comes Too Late.
The regent sacrificed himself in a last effort to save the throne for his son, but unless all signs fall it is too late. Premier Yuan Shi Kai has let Peking know that he has taken the British minister, Sir John Jordan, into his confidence. He has told the minister his plans and hopes much from the minister's mediation.

The edict exhorts all the princes to retire peacefully. This may indicate that there was some truth in reports often current that the youthful princes desired to attack foreigners, hoping to create foreign complications that might benefit the Manchus.

Yuan Shi Kai is now entirely powerless within the limitations of the disrupted government. The rebels say they expect him to manipulate the remnants until the Manchus are no longer capable of disrupting the country.

Even Child Emperor Must Go.
SHANGHAI, Dec. 6.—The southern revolutionaries apparently are more than ever determined upon the effacement of the Manchian administration, even to the child emperor, as the only terms upon which peace can be made. The abdication of the regent is regarded with suspicion, and according to revolutionary leaders seen tonight the dual guardianship is unsatisfactory.

Notwithstanding the peace negotiations at Wuchung and Shanghai, those at the head of the republican movement at a meeting tonight decided to float the first issue of republican war bonds, covering a patriotic and sympathetic loan amounting to 10,000,000 taels.

The bonds will be issued in denominations of 100, 50, 10 and 5, the issue price being 80 per cent of the face value, the average rate of interest being 12 per cent. They are repayable in six years by the agent of the new republican bank which has a capital of 5,000,000 taels, at the present time subscribed entirely by Chinese.

Arrangements practically have been completed for a meeting of delegates representing the Shanghai republicans with Yuan Shi Kai to discuss terms of peace. Wu Ting Fang, secretary of foreign affairs on the republican side, has been invited to go to Wuchung.

NEW YORK WELCOMES WESTERN GOVERNORS

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Governor Dix formally welcomed the visiting western governors and their party to this "Old Dutch town" today at a luncheon given by a number of Albany business men.

"When I heard you were coming," said New York's executive, "I arranged to have a representative meet you at Buffalo and remove the border line of the New England states. Border lines are imaginary lines and should be removed."

Mayor McEwan, of Albany, also joined in a welcome to the visitors, to which Governors West of Oregon and Carey of Wyoming, responded.

Governor Hawley of Idaho was to have been one of the speakers but was forced to take to his bed during the day because of a cold. His illness is not serious and he left Albany with the rest of the party late this afternoon.

Governor Carey voiced his approval of the woman suffrage movement during his address.

"We have women suffrage," he said, "in the west, Washington, California, Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming, and it will not be many years before half a dozen more great states will have it."

The visiting governors put in a busy day at Albany, following a brief stop at Schenectady this morning.



SHOP EARLY SO THAT THE GIRL BEHIND THE COUNTER
CAN ENJOY CHRISTMAS TOO.

FESTES PARK IS UP TO CONGRESS

SECY. FISHER SAYS HE
CANNOT DO ANYTHING

Advocates of National Park
for Colorado to Get Busy
With Congressmen

DENVER, Dec. 6.—Walter L. Fisher, secretary of the interior, has written to Denver people interested in the establishment of a national park in Estes park, that the information furnished him while on his recent trip to Colorado was not sufficient to justify him to take any official action looking to a recommendation of the project and that he intends to turn the whole matter over to congress.

National parks are created by congress and not by the secretary, Mr. Fisher writes.

"The general idea of having a large park in the Rocky mountain area at or near the proposed Estes park appeals to me personally," writes the secretary, "but I do not feel that I have sufficient information to justify any official action."

The department of the interior, he says, has no funds available for such an examination of the tract desired, and it is because of this lack of funds that the whole matter will be submitted to congress.

The advocates of the proposed park will now get busy with United States Senator Guggenheim and the Colorado congressmen and urge them to do all in their power to get the tract set aside as a national park.

The proposed park covers land in Larimer, Grand, Jackson and Boulder counties, taking in about 400,000 acres. The strongest opposition comes from Grand county, where residents say thousands of acres will be taken away from them which are now valuable for grazing, agriculture and especially rich mining properties. It is proposed to include in the park Estes park, Longs peak, Grand lake and the canons of the Big Thompson river and its tributaries.

CHINAMAN TO DIE FOR KILLING COUNTRYMAN

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Choo Foo Horn was found guilty of murder by a jury in the criminal court today and his punishment fixed at death. He was accused of slaying Lee Ying Wing, a wealthy Chinese merchant, August 28. Horn is said to be a member of the Hip Song Tong and to have killed Wing after the latter had ignored a demand for money. Horn testified that he killed Wing in self defense in a quarrel over a dice game.

ANOTHER PENSION BILL

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Among measures before the house is the Sherwood bill which provides a pension of at least \$1 a day for each Union veteran of the Civil war who served one year or more. That bill affects nearly 500,000 veterans. All the service pension bills introduced in the house, the leaders say, will be considered on their merits.

FOUR ACCIDENTS IN MINES

One Miner Killed in Rock Slide Another Asphyxiated and Four Hurt
Near Aguilar, Colo.

TRINIDAD, Dec. 6.—Two are dead and four were injured in a series of coal mine accidents in this region today.

Paul Ransuck was killed in a rock slide in the Congo mine at Aguilar. Frank Pedur was asphyxiated by gases in the Royal mine near Aguilar. Three miners were injured in a rock slide in the Beacon mine three miles north of Aguilar, and a fourth was badly hurt in an accident at the Southwestern mine four miles south of Aguilar.

McNamaras, Having Nothing to Gain, Probably Would Divulge but Little Information of Any Value Is Belief

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—Whether or not John J. McNamara and his brother, James B. McNamara, now awaiting commitment to San Quentin penitentiary, would tell enough about other persons to make it worth while to take them before a federal grand jury was a question under serious consideration by officials here today. Up to a late hour the grand jury subpoenas had not been issued, although Oscar F. Lawler, who became widely known in connection with the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy in which he figured as a participant and a witness, and who has been especially assigned to this case by Attorney General Wickersham, had a long talk with the two men earlier in the day, while Sheriff Hammill sat by.

Question was raised today as to whether a convicted felon could be allowed to testify before the grand jury and if not, whether the trustworthiness of the McNamaras, if given, might invalidate subsequent indictments.

"My personal opinion on that would not do you any good," said Lawler, when asked about it.

"What is the law?" he was asked.

"There probably is considerable law on it," he replied.

Attorneys connected with the McNamara case said there was no doubt on the subject and the only reason for which the McNamaras might not be called was that it would do no good.

Anyone Can Testify.
"Anyone can testify before a grand jury, state or federal," said Attorney Scott, offhand. "However, a convicted felon after testifying before a grand jury could not go into a court as a witness to substantiate what he had told the grand jury. The business of the grand jury is to get information and the members can get it from whom they see fit."

"The question of the sufficiency of the information on which indictments are returned cannot be raised."

Lawler had a conference today with Malcolm McLaren, agent of a detective agency that arrested the McNamaras, and Orrie E. McManical, in which the free and easy confessions of McNamara were considered. McManical will probably appear before the federal grand jury whether the McNamaras do or not.

Men fairly close to the McNamaras said today that there was small chance that James B., who received a life sentence, rubbed in by a scoring from Judge Walter Bordwell, would talk before the grand jury to any extent that would implicate anyone else.

The usual course where a grand jury witnesses refuse to talk is to go ahead with contempt proceedings, but they would hardly do any good because a jail sentence would be of small value to a man already under a life sentence for life.

Must Serve 7 Years at Least.
James B. McNamara would have to serve seven years, at the very least, before he could be paroled, which is a long time away from the present investigation.

John J. McNamara on the other hand may be paroled after a year and could be pardoned at any time the governor saw fit. "There is nothing to indicate here that a pardon would be sought but it is a technical possibility."

"The McNamaras aren't going to implicate any one," said one of the counsel. "They aren't going to appear before the grand jury."

An official of the state also inclined to this view.

Commitments to take the men to the penitentiary are ready. They were made up in a hurry yesterday, but were not served, because if they had been the brothers would have had to be started north last night. They will be held until the grand jury problem is settled.

Clerk George Monroe of Judge Walter Bordwell's court appeared today before the judge with a big stack of telegrams and letters that have been accumulating since last Friday when the McNamaras confessed.

"Do you wish to see these, Judge?" he asked.

The court smiled.

Tells Clerk to Keep Telegrams.
"No," he said. "You may keep them."

Many of the letters demanded the death penalty for James B. McNamara and some bore signatures of locals of labor unions. They were destroyed.

What course the federal grand jury will take when it begins its work tomorrow on the alleged conspiracy to dynamite various buildings throughout the country may be confined to those explosions that have occurred on the Pacific coast or are believed to have been actuated by residents of coast cities. Indianapolis authorities, it was pointed out, today could take care of the rest.

A report that Milton A. Schmidt and David Kaplan, indicted here for murder in connection with the Times dynamite case, were about to be arrested in the east aroused great interest. Except James B. McNamara himself, Schmidt is said to know more about the Times disaster than any other man. Schmidt.

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FINED \$50 FOR ALLEGED FRAUD

DENVER AGENT HELD ON
VICTIMS' COMPLAINT

Charged That Inferior Goods
Were Sold on Installments
at Excessive Price

Weekly since last June a systematic graft has been perpetrated upon the poorer classes of Colorado Springs by men who claimed to be agents for the American Household Furniture Supply company of Denver, according to Assistant District Attorney Purcell, who brought the transactions to a close Tuesday by causing the arrest of one of the agents, James Saniford, who was fined \$50 and costs yesterday by Justice O. M. Dunnington, and committed to the county jail pending payment of fine or an appeal.

Witnesses say that the agents began their work early in June. A man canvassed the neighborhoods they said, selling trade stamps at the rate of 10 cents each. With the stamps was given a neatly arranged booklet for their safekeeping and the information that upon the accumulation of \$18 worth of the stamps the owners could purchase with them any article of household furniture listed in catalogs which the agents left with the housewives. The furniture catalogued carried price marks of from \$15 to \$35 and the patrons of the company could choose anyone of the articles desired. Many persons began buying the trade stamps at from 10 to 50 cents a week.

Difficult Agent Each Week.
As a special inducement for the initial sale of stamps the agent stated that when \$6 worth of stamps had been collected the purchasers could buy any of the household articles and pay the remaining \$12 upon any installment plan which might suit their convenience.

The next week a different agent made the rounds of purchasers and explained to each of them that the booklet in which the stamps were to be kept bore the expressed contract that no verbal contracts between agent and purchaser would be honored. This stipulation was printed in very fine type on the back of the booklet. The second agent called attention to this fact in order to get around the special inducement held out by the first man.

Witnesses say that a different agent came to them each week, they never seeing the same man during the entire campaign. Not until one of the complaining witnesses had saved up \$10 worth of stamps did any of them suspect any irregularity in regard to the scheme. An agent told one of the complainants that with her \$10 in stamps and her note for \$15, if she would pay the freight which amounted to \$2.50, she could get an article which she especially desired at that time.

Retail Price \$5 Here.
The piece of furniture was a sideboard listed at \$25 and upon its arrival the woman was not disappointed by its cheap and tawdry appearance that she asked a local furniture merchant to look at it. He did so and informed her that he could sell her the identical article for \$5, the regular retail price.

Whereupon the woman informed her neighbors and refused to pay her note to the company. The matter was then taken before the assistant district attorney and when James Saniford, an agent, made his rounds of the stamp collectors Tuesday he was summarily arrested.

Mr. Purcell is highly indignant over the affair and stated last night that he would cause the arrest of any agent of any corporation who collected money from people in Colorado Springs upon representations similar to those made by the alleged agents of the Denver company. He said that every case would be prosecuted to its limit. The

(Continued on Page Two.)

COMPLETE RETURNS CONFIRM VICTORY

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—Complete returns from 115 out of 117 precincts in yesterday's election, give George Alexander, incumbent, candidate of the Good Government league for mayor, 53,978, and Job Harriman, Socialist, 52,283.

The two missing precincts are in the suburb of Wilmington. They had a registration of a little over 1,500 and are expected to run about even between Alexander and Harriman.

The entire Good Government ticket was elected. No Socialist candidate for any office came within 25,000 votes of winning.

Of the candidates for members of the board of education, Joseph Scott, who was allied with the counsel for the defense of the McNamaras, finished last in a list of seven. He is now president of the board.

Prohibition was defeated by a vote of 31,891 for and 87,344 against.

RUSSIA WANTS TURKEY TO PERMIT SHIPS TO PASS

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 6.—In view of possible Italian action in respect to the Dardanelles Russia has expressed a desire to discuss the whole question of opening the straits to Russian warships. Russia suggests that her ships might be allowed to pass through the Dardanelles singly if notification had been given to Turkey as agreed in case of ships of the volunteer fleet. Turkish officials appear disinclined to agree with this suggestion.

TRY TO WRECK TRAIN

FORT COLLINS, Dec. 6.—Only the vigilance of the engineer prevented what might have been the wreck of a northbound Colorado and Southern passenger train this afternoon when he discovered in the nick of time that a telegraph pole had been placed across the track near Tilly eight miles north of this city. The engine was all that was damaged. A section hand, a foreman, who was seen near the scene early in the afternoon is under arrest as a suspect.

SAYS SYSTEM APPROACHES PEONAGE

Colorado Farmer Declines Con-
ditions of the Sugar Beet
Field Laborers

CAUSES A MILD SENSATION

Tells Sugar Trust Investigat-
ing Committee Women
Do Most of Work

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Deploring conditions in the sugar beet field of Colorado approaching peonage, James Bodkin of Meade, Colo., today told the so-called "sugar trust" investigating committee of the house that city clerks recruited from the slums were kept practically in a state of bondage. His statement caused a mild sensation.

Bodkin described a system of labor in the Colorado fields and described hardships inflicted on working people recruited by one large sugar company. He said that a man, his wife and several children, ranging from 3 years upwards, would put in from 10 to 16 hours a day at "backbreaking work" that an American would scorn to do.

With shrewd farm logic, Mr. Bodkin expressed his contempt for the "city chaps" who were sent by the sugar company to oversee its operations. He also criticized the newspapers in his section of the country.

The committee took great interest in his description of "the slum labor" Democrats, led by Representative Baker of California, sought to show by the witness that the tariff levied in the name of American labor did not reach down to the Russians and Hindus who worked in the Colorado beet fields. The Republican response, however, Fordney, Hines and Malby, emphasized the point that Americans would not descend to the labor.

Women Do the Work.
"How much does a woman earn in the field?" asked Mr. Hinds.

"I don't know," answered the witness. "She is a better worker than the man here commonly the boss—the woman and children do the work."

Mr. Bodkin expressed the belief of the committee of farmers, of which he is a member, that the sugar company was not paying a fair price for beets. He said his crop paid him about \$2.50 a ton. The profit on an acre was small, he said. He had asked the company for \$1 more on the ton and was refused.

"If the tariff is any benefit, the

(Continued on Page Two.)

HARVESTER COMPANY ALLOWED TO APPEAL

Missouri Supreme Court Has
Granted Writ of Error
in Ouster Suit

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Counsel for the International Harvester company late today received a telegram from Jefferson City, Mo., announcing that the supreme court of Missouri had granted a writ of error on which the ouster case might be carried up to the United States supreme court. General Counsel Edgar A. Hancock for the company said the case would go up immediately.

The constitutionality of the Missouri antitrust law will be attacked by the International Harvester company, it was announced tonight.

The basis on which the attack is made will be the language of the Missouri supreme court, which while fining the company \$50,000 (later reduced to \$25,000) in the state said it had done no actual damage or wrong.

This language will be the basis of a contention that the restraint of trade alleged to be practiced by the Harvester corporation is not "unreasonable" as construed by the United States supreme court.

Supreme Justice Valliant, of the Missouri court, said in his opinion he was "compelled to impose sentence on a corporation which, while technically in error, had not wronged or harmed the consumer, but on the contrary, should be of service to the consumer."

The action of the United States supreme court on this petition and the Missouri court in granting a writ of error to the federal court will be called to the attention of the federal bureau of justice which is permitting the International Harvester company to suggest a plan of reorganization in lieu of a dissolution suit.

TRY TO WRECK TRAIN

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You will like them
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THE D. Y. BUTCHER DRUG CO.
PHONES 90 AND 780

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Colorado Fair Wednesday, slightly north-east portion Thursday.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado college weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	42
Temperature at 12 m.	34
Temperature at 6 p. m.	40
Maximum temperature	53
Minimum temperature	26
Mean temperature	39
Max. bar. pres., inches	24.98
Min. bar. pres., inches	23.98
Mean vel. wind per hour	8
Relative humidity at noon	11
Dew point at noon	1
Precipitation in inches	0

CITY BRIEFS

THE RED CROSS PHARMACY.
Phone 40. Open all night.

DR. MORE PLUMBING—Phone 1732

DR. C. R. ARNOLD has removed his office and residence to 116 E. Dale

SUPPER at Grace church parish house, Thurs., 7th, from 5 to 8. Individual steaks, prepared by chef

DOLLS, fancy and useful articles for sale at Grace church parish house, Thurs., 7th, afternoon and evening

ALFRED FENNYSON DICKENS, son of Charles Dickens, will lecture at Perkins hall Thursday night. Tickets at Knight-Campbell's.

C. B. SCHLEY recently had a DISCO Self-Starters installed in one of his autos and now intends to use it on his own. You better follow suit.

DON'T forget the Hospital bazaar, First Methodist church, Friday, Dec. 8. Lunch from 12 to 2, 25c. Turkey dinner 5:30 to 8, 25c. Come and see the flower garden.

THE county commissioners can make good use of cast-off clothing for children of both sexes from 5 to 12 years of age. Underclothing particularly needed. Call up Commissioner Hutchinson, phone Main 397.

DISCO SELF-STARTERS can be attached to nearly any automobile perfectly satisfactorily. Call and see this device, which saves cranking and removes carbon from your motor. G. W. Blake Auto Co.

LECTURE POSTPONED—The Rev. Thomas Salter Robbent's lecture on "Gladstone—the Man As I Knew Him" which was to have been delivered at the Y. M. C. A. last night, has been postponed until next Tuesday night.

GROCERS BANQUET—The Colorado Springs Retail Grocers association gave its annual banquet in the private dining room at the Alta Vista hotel last night. Special music was given by the hotel orchestra.

MARRIAGE LICENSES—Permits to wed were issued from the office of the county clerk yesterday to the following: George W. Melvin, 32, of Greeley, and Katherine J. Cronin, 22, of Hastings, Neb.; August Ferron, 31, and

Hidden Larson, 32, both of Colorado Springs; Juan Perez, 23, and Maria Garcia, 22, both of Colorado City

Personal Mention

Judge Greeley W. Whitford, Denver, who is sitting for District Judge J. W. Shear for this week, is a guest at the Acacia hotel

Mrs. W. H. R. Stote, 1415 North Weber street, left for Denver last night, called by the serious illness of her father, Thomas M. Marshall.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Sommers, Pueblo, are visiting in this city for two weeks, guests at the Acacia hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Barnes are spending the week in Denver with Mrs. Barnes' mother, Mrs. Mary C. C. Bradford.

An ingenious idea has been put forward for the solution of the revolver difficulty in Paris. The recent deeds and misdeeds of the Apaches have caused such an outcry there that citizens have been clamoring for the general right to carry firearms in self-defense. A suggestion which has been made is that the government reserve to itself the monopoly of the sale of firearms in France and that each office for their sale have a list of people to whom firearms are not to be sold.

Oleomargarine

You can't tell it from good butter. 27¢ a pound.

CHICK, Grocer
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CHRISTMAS PHOTOS

Make appointments for early sittings.

EMERY'S STUDIO

Cor. Cascade and Kiowa

Fancy Oleomargarine, pound 25c
Six pounds Mexican Beans 25c
Six pounds Pure Buckwheat 25c
3 cans Wallington Corn 25c
Fancy Peanut Butter, pound 25c
3 packages California Figs 25c
KIPP'S KASH GROCERY
312 South Tejon

For Cut Flowers call CRUMP
Phone 500 511 E. Columbia

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Gifts that are odd, and unusual. Fine china, embroidered mandarin coats, handsome kimono, Chinese, Illies and all kinds novelties. Come in and look over my attractive holiday display.

CHINA JIM

7 East Pike's Peak Ave.

Remember, we deliver anywhere in town. Phone us your order.

W. C. KIRSTEN
Phone M. 775. 449 E. Kiowa

She Sloops to Conquer

When milady goes into a match where beauty wins the battle, her complexion is her greatest weapon. Gutmann's Dry Climate Cream will put an edge on this weapon that will bring sure victory.

F. I. Gutmann

Remember We Sell No Liquors
Telephone 311 and 312
Corner Tejon and Bijou
1. Prescription Dispensary

SKIRTS thoroughly cleaned and pressed 75c
Gentlemen's suits \$1.00

EL PASO CLEANING AND PRESSING CO.
Phone 687 10 E. Kiowa

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SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9
Daniel V. Arthur Presents

GRACE VAN STUDDIFORD
In the Parisian Comedie Opera Success.

"THE PARADISE OF MAHOMET"
SEATS THURSDAY
50c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00

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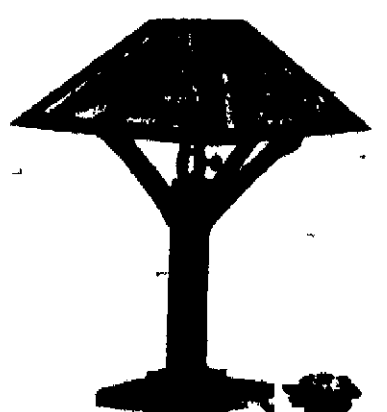
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Majestic THEATRE
Sullivan & Considine Vaudeville
Presents John R. Gordon & Co. in "What Would You Do?" Miller & Mack, the Nimble Footed Boys; the Majestic Musical Trio, Mrs. Jules Levy and Family, Britain's Alluring Comedienne, Ida Barr, the Hit of the London Music Halls

Matinee Daily—2:45 p. m. Nights—7:30 and 9:15 p. m. Prices, 10, 20 and 30 cents. A rattling good show.

This Mission Lamp

14-inch shade
Complete with 6 feet of cord.



\$1.95

When you consider what to give, think furniture and the question is solved.

McCracken & Hubbard
120-122 S. Tejon St.

California Oranges Box \$3.75

Large Jonathan Apples, box \$1.25
Choice Winesap Apples, box \$1.15
Choice Northern Spy, box \$1.30
Choice White Winter Pearmain, box \$1.25
Fancy Walbridge, box \$1.30
California Oranges, dozen, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c
Fancy Rambo, box \$1.70
Arizona Oranges, dozen, 35c to 60c
Florida Oranges, dozen, 30c to 45c
Fresh Calf Liver, per pound 20c
Majestic, Diamond C, Morrill's, Pride of Iowa Bacon (whole piece), lb. 25c
Rex or Laurel Bacon (whole piece), per lb. 17 1/2c

J. H. BRIDGER
Phones 260-261 24 N. Tejon.

IF YOU WANT THE NEWS TODAY THE GAZETTE IS THE WAY

Railroad Time Tables

DENVER & RIO GRANDE

Effective November 12, 1911.
City Ticket Office, 123 E. Pike's Peak
Phone Main 36
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

No.	To	Leave
1	Salt Lake City and Pacific Coast, Kansas City and St. Louis	10:35 am
5	Salt Lake City and Pacific Coast	4:45 am
9	Pueblo, Kansas City, St. Louis, and Pacific Coast	6:35 pm
13	Glenwood, Utah, Pac. Coast, St. Louis, and Kansas City	8:20 pm
17	Alamosa, Durango, Silverton, and Pacific Coast	9:30 pm
21	Salida, Leadville, Ouray, Telluride	11:40 pm
NORTH AND EASTBOUND		
10	Leadville, Telluride, Ouray, Salida and Alamosa	4:45 am
12	Pueblo, St. Louis-Kan. City, and Pac. Coast	6:35 am
14	Cannon City, Pueblo, St. Louis and Kansas City	8:30 pm
16	Pueblo	9:30 pm
18	Pacific Coast and Salt Lake	9:30 pm
20	Pacific Coast and Salt Lake	9:30 pm
22	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
24	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
26	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
28	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
30	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
32	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
34	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
36	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
38	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou
40	Trains to Manitou	Ar. from Manitou

SANTA FE

Corrected to Nov. 12, 1911.
City Ticket Office, 123 E. Pike's Peak
Phone Main 36
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

No.	To	Leave
1	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
3	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
5	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
7	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
9	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
11	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
13	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
15	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
17	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
19	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
21	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
23	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
25	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
27	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
29	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
31	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
33	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
35	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
37	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
39	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
41	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
43	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
45	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
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49	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
51	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
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65	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
67	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
69	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
71	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
73	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
75	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
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81	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
83	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
85	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
87	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
89	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
91	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
93	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
95	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
97	Colorado Springs	7:15 am
99	Colorado Springs	7:15 am

MANITOU AND PIKES PEAK RAILWAY
City Ticket Office, 123 E. Pike's Peak
Phone Main 36

CRIPPLE CREEK ROAD

Effective Sunday, July 2
Midland Terminal Ry.
v. Colo. Midland out of Colo. State

Arrive Colorado Springs 6:45 pm
Arrive Cripple Creek 10:00 pm
Leave Cripple Creek 7:20 am
Leave Colorado Springs 9:00 am

COLORADO & SOUTHERN

119 East Pike's Peak Ave.
Phone Main 104
Effective November 15, 1911.

No.	To	Leave
1	Denver	11:30 am
3	Denver	11:30 am
5	Denver	11:30 am
7	Denver	11:30 am
9	Denver	11:30 am
11	Denver	11:30 am
13	Denver	11:30 am
15	Denver	11:30 am
17	Denver	11:30 am
19	Denver	11:30 am
21	Denver	11:30 am
23	Denver	11:30 am
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87	Denver	11:30 am
89	Denver	11:30 am
91	Denver	11:30 am
93	Denver	11:30 am
95	Denver	11:30 am
97	Denver	11:30 am
99	Denver	11:30 am

ROCK ISLAND LINES

Effective November 15, 1911.
City Ticket Office, 123 E. Pike's Peak
Phone Main 36

No.	To	Leave
1	St. Louis	7:15 am
3	St. Louis	7:15 am
5	St. Louis	7:15 am
7	St. Louis	7:15 am
9	St. Louis	7:15 am
11	St. Louis	7:15 am
13	St. Louis	7:15 am
15	St. Louis	7:15 am
17	St. Louis	7:15 am
19	St. Louis	7:15 am
21	St. Louis	7:15 am
23	St. Louis	7:15 am
25	St. Louis	7:15 am
27	St. Louis	7:15 am
29	St. Louis	7:15 am
31	St. Louis	7:15 am
33	St. Louis	7:15 am
35	St. Louis	7:15 am
37	St. Louis	7:15 am
39	St. Louis	7:15 am
41	St. Louis	7:15 am
43	St. Louis	7:15 am
45	St. Louis	7:15 am
47	St. Louis	7:15 am
49	St. Louis	7:15 am
51	St. Louis	7:15 am
53	St. Louis	7:15 am
55	St. Louis	7:15 am
57	St. Louis	7:15 am
59	St. Louis	7:15 am
61	St. Louis	7:15 am
63	St. Louis	7:15 am
65	St. Louis	7:15 am
67	St. Louis	7:15 am
69	St. Louis	7:15 am
71	St. Louis	7:15 am
73	St. Louis	7:15 am
75	St. Louis	7:15 am
77	St. Louis	7:15 am
79	St. Louis	7:15 am
81	St. Louis	7:15 am
83	St. Louis	7:15 am
85	St. Louis	7:15 am
87	St. Louis	7:15 am
89	St. Louis	7:15 am
91	St. Louis	7:15 am
93	St. Louis	7:15 am
95	St. Louis	7:15 am
97	St. Louis	7:15 am
99	St. Louis	7:15 am

MISSOURI PACIFIC
City Ticket Office, 123 E. Pike's Peak
Phone Main 36

Burgess Meat Special

More and more people are appreciating the fact that we are selling fine quality meat at low prices.

For this week we offer:

Corned Beef, especially fine... 8c to 12 1/2c
Pot Roasts... 12 1/2c
Shoulder of Mutton... 8c
Veal Stew... 10c to 12 1/2c
Veal Roasts... 15c to 20c

The prices just quoted are for themselves. Now, if you will visit our Meat Department and note the cleanliness and neatness everywhere, we know you will want to become a regular customer.

Burgess

PHONE EIGHTY-THREE
108-114 N. TEJON ST.

Curtis-Rapson Coal Co.

Deliver 1-ton or Nut \$3.75 Per Ton Cash with order
Phone 1104
Office 307-8 Mining Exchange Bldg.

BRYANT'S PEANUT BUTTER

Five cents paid for all large empty bottles, 2 1/2 cents for small ones, in trade.
If your grocer does not keep it, call at the factory, 21 North Nevada Ave.

GIDDINGS BROS

The big clearance in the suit section

Seventy-five suits in one lot, priced at one-half and less. The regular December clearance of suits includes the entire stock all the new arrivals and regular stock—all sizes, all fabrics, all colors, both tailored and dress styles.

Any of these \$40 suits at 18.50	Any of these \$55 suits at 21.50
Any of these \$45 suits at 21.50	Any of these \$60 suits at 28.50
Any of these \$50 suits at 23.50	Any of these \$65 suits at 32.50

All suits not included in this special lot on

ABROGATION OF TREATY IS URGED

REGENT PRINCE HAS RESIGNED

IS CONSIDERED VICTORY FOR CHINESE PREMIER

Men of Prominence Advocate
Drastring Action in Behalf
Jewish Citizens

IS NO DANGER OF WAR

Former U. S. Ambassador Em-
pire Says Countries Could
Not Harm Each Other

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—Abrogation of the treaty of friendly relations between the United States and Russia made in 1832 was urged in speeches delivered by a dozen or more men of national prominence, and in resolutions adopted at large mass meeting held in Carnegie hall tonight.

The meeting was under the auspices of the National Citizens committee, which plans a series of similar demonstrations throughout the country during the next month in protest against discrimination by Russia in her refusal to honor the passports of Jewish-American citizens.

As a means to break the long deadlock in diplomacy over the passport question most of the speakers tonight advocated the immediate notice to Russia of the abrogation of the treaty, the terms of which have been violated by Russia.

Andrew D. White, former United States ambassador to Russia was chairman of the meeting, and in his address dwelt on the relations of the United States and Russia. He was one of but few speakers who strongly urged that Russia be invited to arbitrate the question at The Hague before a movement was made to abrogate the treaty.

Warns Against Being Peremptory.

He said Russia was a nation of great pride and that peremptory demands would lead to indignant rejoinders and reprisals regardless of any justice.

"Might they not even conclude a treaty with us on the terms of the old treaty?" he asked.

"If the treaty should be canceled might not the pill be sweetened for them by the belief that all inheritances from Jewish families in Russia to Jewish heirs in America would lapse into the imperial treasury?"

Mr. White characterized the suggestion of war as altogether foolish.

"The two nations cannot reach each other at any vulnerable point," he said.

(Continued on Page Two.)

GOVERNMENT HAS EYE ON GOMPERS

Movements of A. F. of L. Heavily
Closely Watched, as Shown
by Attorney's Remarks

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—That the federal government has been watching closely the movements of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was made known here tonight when United States Attorney Miller told of a secret Washington conference held between the labor head and Prosecutor Parker of this country.

The visit was made about the time the county officials were attempting to prevent the federal authorities from gaining possession of the books and records obtained in a raid at the offices of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers when J. J. McNamara was arrested.

Prosecutor Baker admits that he conferred with Gompers and says he intends to make a second visit next January.

In reply to Mr. Gompers, who said the district attorney was impertinent, Mr. Miller said:

"Mr. Gompers insists that his position is secure and his attitude consistent, but he is very tender and touchy since his 'credulity' was imposed upon by the statements made by the McNamara brothers.

Invites Gompers to Talk.
"Because I was quoted as saying that in my opinion Gompers is an unsafe leader" he very passionately exclaims that he is not afraid of being prosecuted.

Mr. Gompers need not necessarily concern himself as to my attitude in attempting to enforce the laws of the United States. He can be assured of the fact that the United States attorney in this jurisdiction will not consider it necessary to go to Washington to obtain Mr. Gompers' views.

"Mr. Gompers and the prosecuting attorney of Marion county, can, if they will, inform the people just what took place at their Washington conference" about six weeks ago. A full statement made by these gentlemen may make it necessary for the Marion county prosecutor again to go to Washington to get Gompers' advice as to how the laws of Indiana are not to be enforced.

Mr. Gompers can be assured that the United States attorney in this jurisdiction will not hesitate to prosecute any man if the facts and the law clearly justify prosecution.

Revolutionaries Are
Determined to Efface Even
Child Emperor

PEKIN, Dec. 6.—An edict announcing the resignation of Regent Prince Chun, and the naming of Hsu Shih-Chang as guardian of the throne, was issued today by the empress dowager. It is signed by members of the cabinet and points out that the administration has been unpopular and that a constitutional government has not yet been established, explaining this by the fact that complications arose, the people's hearts were broken and the country was thrown into turmoil.

The regent respects that his resignation came too late and feels that if he continued in power his commands would be disregarded.

The edict continues:
"He went and prayed to resign the regency, at the same time expressing his earnest intention to abstain from politics. I, the empress dowager, living in the palace, am ignorant of the state of affairs, but know that rebellion exists and fighting continues, causing disaster everywhere, while the commerce of friendly nations suffers. The regent is honest, though ambitious. Being misled he has harmed the people, therefore his resignation is accepted."

The regent has been granted 50,000 taels annually from the imperial household allowances.

Sacrifice Comes Too Late.

The regent sacrificed himself in a last effort to save the throne for his son, but unless all signs fail it is too late. Premier Yuan Shi Kai has let it be known that he has taken the British minister, Sir John Jordan, into his confidence. He has told the minister his plans and hopes much from the minister's mediation.

The edict exhorts all the princes to retire peacefully. This may indicate that there was some truth in reports often current that the youthful princes desired to attack foreigners, hoping to create foreign complications that might benefit the Manchus.

Yuan Shi Kai is now entirely powerless within the limitations of the disrupted government. The rebels say they expect him to manipulate the remnants until the Manchus are no longer a factor in the government.

Even Child Emperor Must Go.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 6.—The southern revolutionaries apparently are more than ever determined upon the effacement of the Manchu administration, even to the child emperor, as the only terms upon which peace can be made. The abdication of the regent is regarded with suspicion, and according to revolutionary leaders seen tonight the dual guardianship is unsatisfactory.

Notwithstanding the peace negotiations at Wuchang and Shanghai, those at the head of the republican movement at a meeting tonight decided to float the first issue of republican war bonds, covering a patriotic and sympathetic loan amounting to 10,000,000 taels.

The bonds will be issued in denominations of 100, 50, 10 and 5, the issue price being 80 per cent of the face value, the average rate of interest being 12 per cent. They are repayable in six years by the agent of the new Republic bank which has a capital of 5,000,000 taels, at the present time subscribed entirely by Chinese.

Arrangements practically have been completed for a meeting of delegates representing the Shanghai republicans with Yuan Shi Kai to discuss terms of peace. Wu Ting Fang, secretary of foreign affairs on the republican side, has been invited to go to Wuchang.

(Continued on Page Two.)

NEW YORK WELCOMES WESTERN GOVERNORS

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Governor Dix formally welcomed the visiting western governors and their party to this "Old Dutch town" today at a luncheon given by a number of Albany business men.

"When I heard you were coming," said New York's executive, "I arranged to have a representative meet you at Buffalo and remove the border line of the New England states. Border lines are imaginary lines and should be removed."

Mayor McEwan, of Albany, also joined in a welcome to the visitors, to which Governors West of Oregon and Carey of Wyoming, responded.

Governor Hawley of Idaho was to have been one of the speakers but was forced to take to his bed during the day because of a cold. His illness is not serious and he left Albany with the rest of the party late this afternoon.

Governor Carey voiced his approval of the woman suffrage movement during his address.

"We have women suffrage," he said, "in the west. Washington, California, Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming—and it will not be many years before half a dozen more great states will have it."

The visiting governors put in a busy day at Albany following a brief stop at Schoenectady this morning.

After entering the city they were guests at a luncheon given by Governor and Mrs. Dix at the capitol mansion. The party left at 1:15 for Washington where the governors will attend the Rivers and Harbors congress.



SHOP EARLY SO THAT THE GIRL BEHIND THE COUNTER CAN ENJOY CHRISTMAS TOO.

ESTES PARK IS UP TO CONGRESS

SECY. FISHER SAYS HE CANNOT DO ANYTHING

Advocates of National Park for Colorado to Get Busy With Congressmen

DENVER, Dec. 6.—Walter L. Fisher, secretary of the interior, has written to Denver people interested in the establishment of a national park in Estes park, that the information furnished him while on his recent trip to Colorado was not sufficient to justify him to take any official action looking to a recommendation of the project and that he intends to turn the whole matter over to congress.

"The general idea of having a large park in the Rocky mountain area, at or near the proposed Estes park, appeals to me personally," writes the secretary, "but I do not feel that I have sufficient information to justify any official action."

The department of the interior, he says, has no funds available for such an examination of the tract desired, and it is because of this lack of funds that the whole matter will be submitted to congress.

The advocates of the proposed park will now get busy with United States Senator Guggenheim and the Colorado congressmen and urge them to do all in their power to get the tract set aside as a national park.

The proposed park covers land in Larimer, Grand, Jackson and Boulder counties, taking in about 600,000 acres. The strongest opposition comes from Grand county, where residents say thousands of acres will be taken away from them which are now valuable for grazing, agriculture and especially rich mining properties. It is proposed to include in the park Estes park, Longs peak, Grand lake and the canons of the Big Thompson river and its tributaries.

CHINAMAN TO DIE FOR KILLING COUNTRYMAN

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Choo Foo Horn was found guilty of murder by a jury in the criminal court today and his punishment fixed at death. He was accused of slaying Lee Ying Wing, a wealthy Chinese merchant, August 28. Horn is said to be a member of the Hip Song Tong and to have killed Wing after the latter had begged a demand for money. Horn testified that he killed Wing in self defense in a quarrel over a dice game.

ANOTHER PENSION BILL

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Among measures before the house is the Sherwood bill which provides a pension of at least \$1 a day for each Union veteran of the Civil war who served one year or more. That bill affects nearly 500,000 veterans. All the service pension bills introduced in the house, the leaders say, will be considered on their merits.

FOUR ACCIDENTS IN MINES

One Miner Killed in Rock Slide—Another Asphyxiated and Four Hurt Near Aguilar, Colo.

TRINIDAD, Dec. 6.—Two are dead and four were injured in a series of coal mine accidents in this region today.

Paul Ransuck was killed in a rock slide in the Congo mine at Aguilar. Frank Pedue was asphyxiated by gases in the Royal mine near Aguilar. Three miners were injured in a rock slide in the Beacon mine three miles north of Aguilar, and a fourth was badly hurt in an accident at the Southwestern mine four miles south of Aguilar.

McNamaras, Having Nothing to Gain, Probably Would Divulge but Little Information of Any Value Is Believed

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—Whether or not John J. McNamara and his brother, James B. McNamara, now awaiting commitment to San Quentin penitentiary, would tell enough about other persons to make it worth while to take them before a federal grand jury was a question under serious consideration by officials here today. Up to a late hour the grand jury subpoena had not been issued, although Oscar F. Lawler, who became widely known in connection with the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy in which he figured as a participant and a witness, and who has been especially assigned to this case by Attorney General Wickersham, had a long talk with the two men earlier in the day, while Sheriff Hammill sat by.

Question was raised today as to whether a convicted felon could be allowed to testify before the grand jury and if not, whether the testimony of the McNamaras, if given, might invalidate subsequent indictments.

"My personal opinion on that would not do you any good," said Lawler, when asked about it.

"What is the law?" he was asked.

"There probably is considerable law on it," he replied.

Attorneys connected with the McNamara case said there was no doubt on the subject and the only reason for which the McNamaras might not be called was that it would do no good.

Anyone Can Testify.

"Anyone can testify before a grand jury, state or federal," said Attorney Scott, offhand. "However, a convicted felon could not go into a court as a witness to substantiate what he had told the grand jury. The business of the grand jury is to get information and the members can get it from whom they see fit."

"The question of the sufficiency of the information on which indictments are returned cannot be raised."

Lawler had a conference today with Malcolm McLaren, agent of a detective agency that arrested the McNamaras and Orrie E. McManigal, in which the free and easy confessions of McManigal were considered. McManigal will probably appear before the federal grand jury whether the McNamaras do or not.

Men fairly close to the McNamaras said today that there was small chance that James B., who received a life sentence, rubbed in by a scoring from Judge Walter Bordwell, would talk before the grand jury to any extent that would implicate anyone else.

The usual course where grand jury witnesses refuse to talk is to go ahead with contempt proceedings, but they would hardly do any good because a jail sentence would be of small moment to a man already under sentence for life.

Must Serve 7 Years at Least.

James B. McNamara would have to serve seven years, at the very least, before he could be paroled, which is a long time away from the present investigation.

John J. McNamara on the other hand, may be paroled after a year and could be pardoned at any time the governor saw fit. There is nothing to indicate here that a pardon would be sought but it is a technical possibility.

"The McNamaras aren't going to implicate anyone," said one of the counsel. "They aren't going to appear before the grand jury."

An official of the state also inclined to this view.

Commitments to take the men to the penitentiary are ready. They were made up in a hurry yesterday, but were not served, because if they had been the brothers would have had to be started north last night. They will be held until the grand jury problem is settled.

Clerk George Monroe of Judge Walter Bordwell's court appeared today before the judge with a big stack of telegrams and letters that have been accumulating since last Friday when the McNamaras confessed.

"Do you wish to see these, Judge?" he asked.

The court smiled.

Tells Clerk to Keep Telegrams.

"No," he said. "You may keep them." Many of the letters demanded the death penalty for James B. McNamara and some bore signatures of locals of labor unions. They were destroyed.

What course the federal grand jury will take when it begins its work tomorrow on the alleged conspiracy to dynamite various buildings throughout the country may be confined to these explosions that have occurred on the Pacific coast or are believed to have been actuated by residents of coast cities. Indianapolis authorities, it was pointed out, today could take care of the rest.

A report that Milton A. Schmidt and David Caplan, indicted here for murder in connection with the Times dynamite case, were about to be arrested in the east aroused great interest. Except James B. McNamara himself, Schmidt is said to know more about the Times dynamite case than any other man.

(Continued on Page Two.)

FINED \$50 FOR ALLEGED FRAUD

DENVER AGENT HELD ON VICTIMS' COMPLAINT

Charged That Inferior Goods Were Sold on Installments at Excessive Price

Weekly since last June a systematic graft has been perpetrated upon the poorer classes of Colorado Springs by men who claimed to be agents for the American Household Furniture Supply company of Denver, according to Assistant District Attorney Purcell, who brought the transactions to a close Tuesday by causing the arrest of one of the agents, James Sansford, who was fined \$50 and costs yesterday by Justice O. R. Dunnington, and committed to the county jail pending payment of fine or an appeal.

Witnesses say that the agents began their work early in June. A man canvassed the neighborhoods, they said, selling trade stamps at the rate of 10 cents each. With the stamps was given a neatly arranged booklet for their safekeeping and the information that upon the accumulation of \$18 worth of the stamps the owners could purchase with them any article of household furniture listed in catalogs which the agents left with the housewives. The furniture catalogued carried price marks of from \$15 to \$35 and the patrons of the company could choose anyone of the articles desired. Many persons began buying the trade stamps at from 10 to 50 cents a week.

Different Agent Each Week.

As a special inducement for the initial sale of stamps the agent stated that when \$5 worth of stamps had been collected the purchasers could buy any of the household articles and pay the remaining \$3 upon any installment plan which might suit their conveniences.

The next week a different agent made the rounds of purchasers and explained to each of them that the booklet in which the stamps were to be kept bore the expressed contract that no verbal contracts between agent and purchaser would be honored. This stipulation was printed in very fine type on the back of the booklet. The second agent called attention to this fact in order to get around the special inducement held out by the first man.

Witnesses say that a different agent came to them each week, they never seeing the same man during the entire time they were buying the stamps. Not until one of the 25 complaining witnesses had saved up \$10 worth of stamps did any of them suspect any irregularity in regard to the scheme. An agent told one of the complainants that with her \$10 in stamps and her note for \$15, if she would pay the freight which amounted to \$2.50, she could get an article which she specially desired at that time.

Retail Price \$8 Here.

The pieces of furniture was a sideboard listed at \$25 and upon its arrival the woman was so disappointed by its cheap and tawdry appearance that she asked a local furniture merchant to look at it. He did so and informed her that he could sell her the identical article for \$8, the regular retail price. Whereupon the woman informed her neighbors and refused to pay her note to the company. The matter was then taken before the assistant district attorney and when James Sansford, an agent, made his rounds of the stamp collectors Tuesday he was summarily arrested.

Mr. Purcell is highly indignant over the affair and stated last night that he would cause the arrest of any agent of any corporation who collected money from people in Colorado Springs upon representations similar to those made by the alleged agents of the Denver company. He said that every case would be prosecuted to its limit. The

(Continued on Page Two.)

COMPLETE RETURNS CONFIRM VICTORY

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—Complete returns from 115 out of 117 precincts in yesterday's election, give George Alexander, incumbent, candidate of the Good Government league for mayor, 63,278, and Job Harriman, Socialist, 52,293.

The two missing precincts are in the suburb of Wilmington. They had a registration of a little over 1,600 and are expected to run about even between Alexander and Harriman.

The entire Good Government ticket was elected. No Socialist candidate for any office came within 25,000 votes of winning.

"Of the candidates for members of the board of education, Joseph Scott, who was allied with the counsel for the defense of the McNamaras, finished last in a list of seven. He is now president of the board."

Prohibition was defeated by a vote of 31,691 for and 37,344 against.

RUSSIA WANTS TURKEY TO PERMIT SHIPS TO PASS

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 6.—In view of possible Italian action in respect to the Dardanelles Russia has expressed a desire to discuss the whole question of opening the straits to Russian warships. Russia suggests that her ships might be allowed to pass through the Dardanelles singly if notification had been given to Turkey as agreed in case of ships of the volunteer fleet. Turkish officials appear disinclined to agree with this suggestion.

TRY TO WRECK TRAIN

FORT COLLINS, Dec. 6.—Only the vigilance of the engineer prevented what might have been the wreck of a northbound Colorado and Southern passenger train this afternoon, when he discovered in the nick of time that a telegraph pole had been placed across the track near Tilby eight miles north of this city. The engine was all that was damaged. A section hand, a foreman, who was standing near the scene early in the afternoon, is under arrest as a suspect.

SAYS SYSTEM APPROACHES PEONAGE

Colorado Farmer Decries Conditions of the Sugar Beet Field Laborers

CAUSES A MILD SENSATION

Tells Sugar Trust Investigating Committee Women Do Most of Work

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Depicting conditions in the sugar beet field of Colorado approaching peonage, James Bodkin of Meade, Colo., today told the so-called "sugar trust" investigating committee of the house that city recruits recruited from the slums were kept practically in a state of bondage. His statement caused a mild sensation.

Bodkin described a system of labor in the Colorado fields and described hardships inflicted on working people recruited by one large sugar company. He said that a man, his wife and several children, ranging from 8 years upwards, would put in from 10 to 16 hours a day at "backbreaking work" that an American would scorn to do.

With shrewd farm logic, Mr. Bodkin expressed his contempt for the "city chaps" who were sent by the sugar company to oversee its operations. He also criticized the newspapers in his section of the country.

The committee took great interest in his description of "the slum labor" Democrats, led by Representative Baker of California, sought to show by the witness that the tariff levied in the name of American labor did not reach down to the Russians and Hindus who worked in the Colorado beet fields. The Republican representatives, Fordney, Hines and Malby, emphasized the point that Americans would not descend to the labor.

Women Do the Work.

"How much does a woman earn in the field?" asked Mr. Hinds.

"I don't know," answered the witness. "She is a better worker than the man—he's commonly the boss—the woman and children do the work."

Mr. Bodkin expressed the belief of the committee of farmers, of which he is a member, that the sugar company was not paying a fair price for beet sugar. He said his crop sold him about \$3.50 a ton. The profit on an acre was small, he said. He had asked the company for \$1 more on the ton and was refused.

"If the tariff is any benefit, the

(Continued on Page Two.)

HARVESTER COMPANY ALLOWED TO APPEAL

Missouri Supreme Court Has Granted Writ of Error in Ouster Suit

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Counsel for the International Harvester company late today received a telegram from Jefferson City, Mo., announcing that the supreme court of Missouri had granted a writ of error on which the ouster case might be carried up to the United States supreme court. General Counsel Edgar A. Bancroft for the company said the case would go up immediately.

The constitutionality of the Missouri antitrust law will be attacked by the International Harvester company, it was announced tonight.

The basis on which the attack is made will be the language of the Missouri supreme court, which while finding the company \$25,000 in damages reduced to zero the state's claim on the basis of actual damage or wrong.

This language will be the basis of a contention that the restraint of trade alleged to be practiced by the Harvester corporation is not "unreasonable" as construed by the United States supreme court.

Supreme Justice Valliant, of the Missouri court, said in his opinion he was "compelled to impose a sentence on a corporation which, while technically in error, had not wronged or harmed the consumer, but on the contrary, should be of service to the consumer."

The action of the United States supreme court on this petition and the Missouri court in granting a writ of error to the federal court will be called to the attention of the federal bureau of justice which is permitting the International Harvester company to suggest a plan of reorganization in lieu of a dissolution suit.

(Continued on Page Two.)

DIVORCE PROCTOR BARRED

Kansas City Reformers Who Would Check Divorce Evil Receive a Setback

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 6.—Reformers who had hoped to check the indiscriminate granting of divorces in this county, received a shock today when W. W. Wright, the divorce proctor, recently appointed to investigate the merits of divorce cases, was barred from participating in an uncontested suit in the circuit court today.

The plaintiffs attorney raised the objection that the proctor was in no way connected with the case and that he had no right to interfere. Judge Guthrie sustained the point.

(Continued on Page Two.)

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

DIAMOND RINGS

Fine, perfect stones, carefully and attractively set. Our diamond stock is one of the largest and best selected in the city and priced consistently for first class gems. We show diamond rings from \$12 to \$500.

The Johnson Jewelry Co.

Living Pictures

REGENT PRINCE

(Continued From Page One.)
to join in the peace negotiations there but has declined. He considers the negotiations at Wuhan unofficial as the center of republican government has been transferred to Nanking as capital of the republic.

Consider It Victory for Yuan.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The abdication of Prince Chun as regent and the substitution of Shi Hsu and Hsu Shih-Chang as guardians of the throne is regarded in official circles here as a substantial victory for Yuan Shi Kai between whom and the retreating regent there was much bitterness ever since Yuan was dismissed from the court in 1908.

Of the two new regents, Hsu Shih-Chang is by far the more interesting personality. He is distinctly Chinese in birth and training and aspirations and has been one of Yuan's staunchest advocates, protesting against his dismissal in 1908 and memorializing the throne since then to cause his return to public life.

Chung was born in Chi-Li and was grand counselor in 1906, when he was sent to Manchuria on a special mission and afterward was retained there as viceroy until 1909, when he was made president of the board of communication. In addition he was appointed grand secretary, a very high position, in 1910.

Shi Hsu is one of the old-line Manchus and was appointed a grand secretary in 1905 and grand counselor the following year. Since 1908 he has also occupied the office of junior guardian to the heir apparent and in 1909 he was president of the board of foreign affairs.

Grows Worse Says Cablegram.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 6.—"Circumstances growing worse. All are leaving the station."

This cablegram came today from Shen Chow Fu, province of Hunan, China, to the Rev. George Johnson, secretary of the board of missions of the Evangelical association.

The message was signed by the Rev. A. H. Rutanah and wife of Benton Harbor, Mich., who with the Rev. C. E. Rank, wife and two children, of Naperville, Ill., Miss Elizabeth Schompp of Reutlingen, Germany, and Miss Anna M. Rottloff of Hanover, Ont., have been stationed at Shen Chow Fu.

The cable gave no information except that concerning the safe departure of the missionaries.

M'NAMARAS, HAVING

(Continued From Page One.)

Caplan and McNamara were together on various committee-buying expeditions. It is said.

Attorney Joseph Scott, whose chance of reelection to the school board of which he is now president, was threatened because of his association in the McNamara case, discovered today that he had been successful, finishing at the bottom in the list of candidates' majorities. In the preceding election he led the ticket.

Grand Jury Date Set.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 6.—It was said today at the office of the United States district attorney that the work from December 14 to 21 will be devoted by the grand jury to the investigation as to whether others were connected with the McNamara in the unlawful transportation of explosives and that the inquiry might extend through January. Results of examination of records and correspondence of the Iron Workers association have been compiled in convenient form for the grand jury's inspection.

Defense Committee Meets.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The McNamara ways and means defense committee, composed of a number of officers of the American Federation of Labor, held an extended conference here today, but failed to reach a decision as to what action they should take or what report they would make in view of the recent developments in Los Angeles.

F. M. Ryan, president of the International Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, the association of which J. J. McNamara formerly was secretary, refused to make any comment whatever as to what had occurred in the meeting and Frank A. Morrison, secretary of the federation, declined to give any information.

Preceding the meeting President Gompers of the Federation, in whose office the conference was held, bitterly arraigned W. J. Burns, the detective in the McNamara case, because the latter had been quoted as saying Mr. Gompers knew the McNamaras were guilty.

RECLAMATION SWAMP LANDS THEIR PLAN

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Another conservation movement was created today when, at the National Irrigation Convention, the delegates interested in drainage of swamp lands decided to form a separate organization to urge the federal government to care for the overflowed lands of the country as it is doing for the arid lands.

The new organization which probably will be called the National Drainage Reclamation congress, is to co-operate with the irrigation congress. It was decided that if drainage is to receive support from the federal government the movement must take distinct form, separate from irrigation projects," said E. T. Perkins of Illinois, who was selected temporary chairman.

The movement will affect the Mississippi valley, the gulf and the south Atlantic states. There are about 70,000,000 acres of swamp lands which can be drained for about \$10 an acre.

"When the Panama canal is completed we are going to ask the government to move the pumping machinery now there to New Orleans and begin the work from that section. Our purpose will be to drain the swamps to regulate the courses of rivers and to pump the 'below the tide' lands."

A protest against what was termed an extravagant waste of money by the navy when there was no prospect of war was made in resolutions by John Fairweather of Fresno, Cal.

"California is getting tired of this war talk," said Mr. Fairweather. "I ask this congress to oppose the secretary of the navy's plea for three \$12,000,000 warships when only \$17,000,000 is allowed by the government for agricultural purposes."

The resolution is to be acted upon later.

Hearty support of federal control of all reclamation and irrigation projects was urged by speakers before the congress today. R. V. Fletcher, a delegate from Illinois, pointed out that many states were reluctant to surrender their rights and that this tendency retarded the whole reclamation movement.

W. L. Park, vice president of the Illinois Central railroad, declared state control of reclamation would be impracticable as no state had the resources properly to undertake the projects now recognized to be essential to the development of the arid sections of the west.

The expressions supporting federal control followed criticism that "bureaucratic red tape" in the government reclamation service was delaying irrigation, made by Fred Whiteside, a delegate from Montana.

James A. Frear, secretary of state for Wisconsin, attacked "fake" land schemes, saying they were driving capital and people out of his and other states and that the farming people who were allured by unfounded promises often returned to their native state in poverty and broken in health. His statements brought a protest from many western delegates who defended legitimate enterprises in their state but the speaker said he referred only to schemes which did not invite investigation and added that they were a drawback to the whole reclamation movement.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature. E. W. GROVE, 25c.

SERVICES ARE HELD FOR LATE ISAAC N. BUNTING

GRAND JUNCTION, Colo., Dec. 6.—One of the largest and most impressive funerals ever held here was that of Isaac N. Bunting, former mayor, yesterday afternoon. Rev. D. Luther Edwards of the First Presbyterian church officiated at the services, which were attended by nearly 1,000 friends of the dead man.

A procession, including Elks, Woodmen and Knights of Pythias, of which Mr. Bunting was a member, accompanied the remains to the depot to be sent to Pottstown, Pa., the birthplace of Mr. Bunting.

DENVER REALTY MEN REFUSE TO INTERFERE

DENVER, Dec. 6.—The real estate exchange this afternoon refused to adopt a resolution for the appointment of a committee to conduct an investigation of the legality of the proposed commission form of government. The action of the exchange indicates that it is in favor of the proposed change in city government.

ABROGATION OF TREATY

(Continued From Page One.)

It would be like an elephant trying to fight a whale." Preceding the adoption of the resolution speeches were made by the majority, by the speaker of the house of representatives, by the head of the Cornell University and others.

Points Brought Out.
"Chapman points in many speeches even Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey."

"If the Russian government has felt through all these years that it could ignore the protests of American ministers and secretaries of state, it has been because the American government spoke for special interests or for some special point of view and not for the American people."

Speaker Champ Clark said the conduct of Russia has created universal horror and protest.

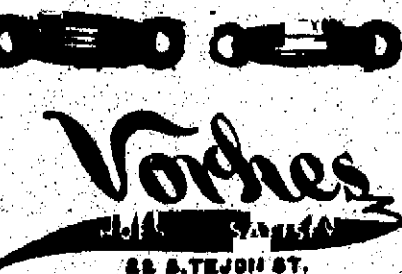
"There seems nothing left for us to do except to abrogate this treaty," William R. Hearst said.

"In the protection of its citizens, in the maintenance of its own self-respect, in the defense of its own honor, let the United States assert its dignity and, if necessary, employ its power."

Representative William Sulzer, New York:

"There can be no arbitration, no delay. Russia has acted boldly and splendidly."

Governor Harmon of Ohio sent a letter of respect in which he endorsed the spirit of the meeting.



For Christmas
New, Stylish
Dress Slippers for Women



A pair of our dress slippers will be appreciated by a woman as much as any Xmas gift she may receive. We will be pleased to show you our large assortment.

Satin in all colors.
Black Velvet, Suede, Dull Kid and Patent.

\$3.50, \$4.00,
\$4.50, \$5.00



TETANUS ANTITOXIN WORKS

Denver Prisoner Who Contracted Lockjaw in Peculiar Way, Snatched From Death by Treatment

DENVER, Dec. 6.—Suffering from lockjaw, which he contracted from injecting into his arm with a pin, a filthy solution obtained by boiling the germ-filled pockets of his coat in an effort to secure such particles of cocaine as might be embedded in the lining, John Campbell, an inmate of the county jail, has been saved from death by heroic treatment at the county hospital. So desperate was the man's condition that his case was considered practically hopeless and the fact of his recovery is attributed to the immediate diagnosis which followed the development of the lockjaw symptoms, and the early start which the hospital physicians thereby obtained in coping with the usually fatal disease. Forty thousand units of tetanus antitoxin were administered to him and the progress of the malady checked after the man had suffered indescribable torture.

Campbell was sentenced to the county jail for vagrancy from Justice Gaiman's court the last of October.

KILLS WIFE AND SELF

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—George Jackson, a Pullman porter on the New York Central, returned to his home late last night and tried to make up with his wife, with whom he had quarreled. "Get out of here," she cried. "You are no good and I'm going to earn my own living after this, dressmaking."

Jackson drew a revolver and as his wife ran screaming, he fired two shots into the back of her head. When she fell dead he fired into his own head and dropped dead across her body.

Makes a Bad Cough Vanish Quickly--or Money Back

The Quickest, Surest Cough Remedy You Ever Used. Family Supply for 50c. 6c. a Box.

You can have a bad cough and sniffle, it so quickly as a Cough Syrup. Give the instant relief and usually stops the most obstinate, persistent cough in 24 hours. Guarantees a cure, or money back. It is a special and highly concentrated compound of Norway White Pine Extract, in a pleasant and palatable form. A 50 cent bottle makes a full supply of the best cough remedy that money can buy, at a saving of \$2. Simply mix with hot water, sugar syrup or strained honey, in a pint bottle, and it is ready for use. Easily prepared in 5 minutes. Directions in package.

Children like Pine Cough Syrup—it tastes good, and is a prompt, safe remedy for cold or cough. Stimulates the appetite and is slightly laxative, both good features. A handy household medicine for hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, etc., and unusually effective for incipient lung troubles. Used in more homes in the U. S. and Canada than any other cough remedy.

Pine has often been imitated, but never successfully, for nothing else will produce the same results. The genuine is guaranteed to give shining satisfaction or a full refund. Certificate of guarantee is stamped in each package. Your druggist has Pine or will gladly get it for you. If not, send to The Pine Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.



Above is the picture of Cardinal Merry del Val, and below Cardinal Rampolla. Both cardinals are the two dominating figures in Rome today, being the center of discussion as to the probability of either ascending to the high office now held by Pius X. Cardinal Merry del Val is the papal secretary of state. Although the cardinal occupies the most important position in the Catholic church next to the pope, a commanding figure stands between him and the steps of that throne to which he is so near. During the last illness of Pius X the attitude of the sacred college in case of a conclave has been clearly defined and has resulted in a sort of plebiscite in favor of Cardinal Rampolla. A number of Cardinal Rampolla's supporters are already considering this quiet and dignified cleric as the "pope-elect."

CONGRESSMEN, REQUESTING MILEAGE, TURNED DOWN

Appropriation for Such Expenses Exhausted at Summer Special Session, They Are Told

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Scores of congressmen who applied to the sergeant-at-arms of the house today for their mileage were turned away empty handed, and when they appealed to the appropriation committee for information they were told they could not "eat their cake and have it too."

All the appropriation for mileage, which averages about \$140,000 for a session, was exhausted at the summer special session of congress. A deficiency bill will have to be passed before any mileage is obtainable.

BANKERS ON WAY HOME

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 6.—Although the "bankers' fleet," which is returning to New Orleans from Panama, with about 300 American bankers and their wives aboard, encountered a storm in the Gulf of Mexico yesterday, the ships were not damaged. Wireless communication with the fleet was not interrupted today.

A Philadelphia man has been granted a patent for an aerial advertising sign, waved by an electric motor suspended from two captive balloons.

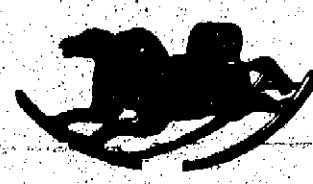


Dr. Julia Sears of Boston, head of the New Thought school, who declared in a lecture that is being widely discussed that in ages ago during former lives, she was a Chinaman and a Venetian singer. An audience of 100 men and women assisted in the discussion that followed that they remembered to have been anything from Italian minstrels to French monks.

SPECIALS FOR TODAY

TOY DEPARTMENT

\$1.25 Shoo-Fly Rocker 89c



Shoo-fly Rocking Horses, dappled finish, padded cretonne seat and back and child's play box. Extra strong and well made. Regular price \$1.25. Today only 89c

\$1.50 English Doll Cab 98c

English Doll Cabs, high grade enamel finish, in tan or royal blue. Adjustable, leatherette hood, steel wheels. \$1.50 regular; for today 98c



Kaufman's

FIRST COST CONGRESS OF MASTER PRINTERS JAN. 8

DENVER, Dec. 6.—The first Colorado cost congress of master printers will be held in Denver, January 8 and 9. It will be held under the joint auspices of the Colorado Editorial association and the Denver branch of the United Typothetae of America. H. W. Flagg, assistant secretary of the national body, whose headquarters are in Chicago, will attend.

George E. Hosmer, editor of the Morgan County Herald, and state printing commissioner, is chairman of the joint committee of arrangements. The purpose of the congress is to organize the master printers of this state into a cooperative body which will have a uniform method of determining the cost of printing.

ATTORNEY HILTON SILENT

DENVER, Dec. 6.—"I have nothing to say."

That was the reply of O. N. Hilton, attorney for Mrs. Gertrude Gibson Patterson, in reply to a request for a statement from him pending probe of the Denver Bar association into the genuineness of the evidence of Hilton's star witness at the murder trial, Francis A. Easton.

Horace G. Benson, special prosecutor in the trial, is in O'Fallon, but he is expected home today or tomorrow. The investigation of Easton's testimony is based on some alleged discrepancies in his statements, and it was predicted by lawyers yesterday that perjury charges would be filed against him. Lawyers pointed to these facts:

Easton registered at the Hotel Colorado, 1334 Larimer street, from Sheridan, Wyo. He said he came from Laramie, Wyo.

The second registration shows he was from St. Paul. He said he was from Minneapolis.

Easton says that he saw the murder, and yet did not go to the wounded man's assistance.

Easton did not give any information to the police while the latter were investigating the murder.

Easton could not give the address of any of his relatives.

Easton could not tell where his father and mother were buried.

Easton could not give the name of the town in Illinois where he was married.

Lawyers said yesterday that they proposed to go to the bottom of the evidence of Easton. Judge Goddard will today, in all probability, appoint the investigating committee.

USE SEARCHLIGHTS IN LOOKING FOR BODIES

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—Under the glare of searchlights, police and firemen tonight searched for the bodies of four persons caught in the wreckage of a three-story concrete building which collapsed today, killing four workmen and injuring 21.

It is believed the concrete had not set properly owing to cold weather.

The building collapsed at the noon lunch hour when most of the workmen had gone home. Most of those caught in the debris were seated about the structure eating their lunches.

In one instance a priest gave absolution to a man thought to be dying, who a few minutes later was rescued uninjured.

HYDE LOSES ANOTHER POINT

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 6.—Defeat for the defense in the trial of Dr. B. Clarke Hyde for the alleged murder of Colonel Thomas H. Swope came today when Judge Forsterfield admitted testimony intended to show that the physician inoculated the arm of Miss Margaret Swope with pus germs at a time when he says he gave her a hypodermic injection of camphorated oil.

The admission of the facts regarding the injection were not considered to be serious in themselves, but by this ruling the way is opened for the introduction of testimony relating to the different kinds of germs Dr. Hyde had in his office during the siege of illness in the Swope home. It is contended by the state that he thought he was administering diphtheria germs to Miss Swope when he gave her the injection.

Dr. E. L. Stewart who sold Dr. Hyde a collection of typhoid, diphtheria and other germs, testified at the first trial that he supplied the accused physician with his instead of diphtheria germs by mistake. Going to Dr. Hyde's office shortly after Dr. Hyde was first suspected, Dr. Stewart said, he found the germs had been disturbed.

LEADVILLE BUILDINGS BURN

LEADVILLE, Dec. 6.—A serious fire started about 1 o'clock this morning at an alley half a block from Harrison avenue and before the fire department had it under control it destroyed five buildings. The buildings were owned by A. L. Turner, a wagonmaker and blacksmith; William Reardon and George Dalquin. The estimated loss is \$25,000, partly covered by insurance.

"What shall I give?"
A Victrola
It is the Very Thing



It will give refined pleasure to the grown folks.
It will educate the young people to an appreciation of good music.

What Better Could Be Asked For?

Victrolas \$15, \$25, \$40, \$50, \$75, \$100, \$150, \$200

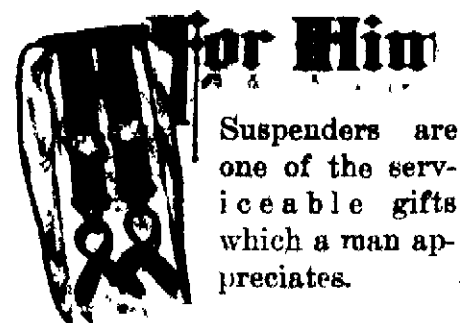
Pick out the Victrola that suits you and we will deliver it when you say.

Willet R. Willis

815 ROOM FOR VICTROLAS
122 1/2 E. Pike Park Ave.

Ask Your Doctor

Stop coughing! Coughing rages and tears. Stop it! Coughing prevents the throat and lungs from getting rest. Stop it! There is nothing so bad for a cough as coughing. Stop it! Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a medicine for coughs and colds, a remedy for a sore throat. Ask your doctor if this is not good advice.



For Him
Suspenders are one of the serviceable gifts which a man appreciates.

Many different grades, in Silk and Cotton Suspenders. These all come in a neat Xmas box. 50c to \$2.00 values.

Hosiery: Four pairs of Interwoven Hose, packed in a Christmas box. Colors assorted. \$1.00.

Interwoven toe and heel Hose are guaranteed to wear to your satisfaction, 25c per pair.

CANON-LOWNS
Tejon at Kiowa.

FINE LEATHER WARE
OUT WEST
Printing & Stationery Co.
9-11 Pikes Peak Ave.

CASE DISMISSED

In the case of W. D. Lombard against the Otto Fehring estate in the district court yesterday, the appeal was dismissed upon motion of the defendant, and the plaintiff was given 10 days in which to file a new trial. Lombard is seeking to collect \$12,500 which he claims is due him for his services as attorney.

Deaths and Funerals

Funeral services of M. J. Charlson, who died at his home, 1719 Colorado avenue, Tuesday, will be held from the undertaking rooms of Fleming & Patterson today at 2 p. m. All friends invited. Burial in Evergreen will be at 2 p. m.

A pair of secretary birds, bred in the United States have just come from South Africa to a local zoological park.

Societies and Clubs

WOMAN'S CLUB DOINGS

A regular meeting of the art and literature department of the Woman's club was held yesterday, with the chairman, Mrs. C. B. Ferrin, presiding. Miss Flansburg gave a lecture on "The Illiad."

The Rev. F. Muel Garvin will speak on "The Home Responsible for the Health, Morality and Good Citizenship of Children," during the meeting of the home and education department next Saturday at 3 o'clock in I. O. O. F. temple. The free French class for members of the club will meet at 2 o'clock.

Children's day will be observed in the temple Saturday afternoon, December 16. The home and education department will have charge. The study class of the art and literature department will meet Wednesday, December 20, with Miss Mary McKrosky, 829 North Weber street.

The following officers have been elected for the ensuing year by Pikes Peak No. 143, Fraternal Order of Eagles: William J. Snider, past worthy president; Ray E. Davis, worthy president; William J. Roberts, worthy vice president; Roy A. Davis, worthy chaplain; Hugh Park, secretary; Morris Greenburg, treasurer; J. McNulty, inside guard; William Griffith, outside guard; George L. Bender, C. Whitehead and Edward Finn, trustees; Dr. J. H. Smith, physician.

Mrs. T. J. Fisher's section of the First Baptist church will meet with Mrs. W. G. Shaw, 1338 North Weber street, this afternoon at 2 30 o'clock.

The Woman's Literary club will meet Saturday afternoon with Mrs. Ira J. Morse, 1504 North Nevada avenue, instead of with Mrs. Nason, as formerly announced.

The Woman's Missionary society of the Boulder Street Presbyterian church will meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. D. Richardson, 1117 East Platte avenue. Ladies are asked to bring their own needlework.

There will be a stated convocation of Pikes Peak commandery No. 8 K. T., this evening at 7 30 o'clock. The annual election of officers will be held. All members are requested to attend.

The Washington Improvement league meeting scheduled for today has been postponed a week.

The Women of Woodcraft, El Paso circle No. 310, will hold its regular meeting this evening at 8 o'clock. An election of officers will be held. All members are requested to attend.

The Portia club will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Owen Dodge, 109 East Williamette avenue. Mrs. L. A. Miller will speak on "Western Verse."

Pikes Peak chapter of the American Woman's league will meet this evening in the parlors of the Alamo hotel.

A parents' meeting of the Frances Willard W. C. T. U. will be held this evening at 7 30 o'clock with Mrs. Mary

ABUNDANCE OF SOFT, FLUFFY HAIR AND NOT A PARTICLE OF DANDRUFF

Get a 25-Cent Bottle of Danderine and Just Try This Stops Hair Falling Out at Once.

Danderine dissolves every particle of Dandruff like snow beneath the blazing sun, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of Dandruff or a loose or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you will actually see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes, but really new hair sprouting all over the scalp.

A little Danderine will immediately

Kloepfer, 944 South Cascade avenue, to which everyone is cordially invited. A business session will be held at 7 o'clock.

The ladies of Mrs. Arnold's district will meet with Mrs. Bradford, 518 North Nevada avenue, tomorrow, at 2 30 p. m.

The East Side section of the First Baptist church will meet with Mrs. Couch, 839 East High street, this afternoon at 2 30 o'clock.

A regular annual election of subordinate and grand lodge officers of Pikes Peak lodge No. 38, I. O. O. F., will be held in I. O. O. F. hall tonight. Past grand officers are particularly requested to be present.

Section Two of the First M. E. church will meet today with Mrs. Masey at Mrs. Ward's 125 South Nevada avenue.

The Ladies Aid society of the Second Congregational church will meet with Mrs. Nethers, 829 South Sahatch avenue, tomorrow afternoon at 2 30 o'clock. Every member is urgently requested to be present.

Section Four of the First Christian church will meet tomorrow with Mrs. Ernest H. Van Scoy, 1521 South Cascade avenue. A general election of officers for the new year will be held. All members are urged to come.

A free social will be given by Women of Woodcraft in Majestic hall tomorrow night at 8 o'clock. Everybody invited to attend.

The next meeting of the El Paso County Horticultural society will be held at the court house tomorrow night at 7 30 o'clock.

James W. Stevenson's class in Esperanto will meet this evening instead of tomorrow evening in the offices of Mrs. Conway and Summers, 6 El Paso Bank building. The general meeting of the Esperanto society will be held tomorrow evening at 7 30 o'clock in William H. Johnson's office, Room 72, First National Bank building.

double the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove to yourself tonight—now—that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.

All members are urged to attend as important business is to come up. L. E. Derr's beginners class will meet Saturday evening at 7 30 o'clock at the home of Miss McMillan, 509 East Platte avenue. Visitors are welcome.

The Knights and Ladies of Security will meet in Robbins hall tonight. The committee on revision of by-laws will report and there will be other business of importance to come before the council.

The Ohio society of Colorado Springs will hold a patriotic meeting in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium tonight. Dr. J. E. Robinson and others will speak on the patriots of Ohio.

At a meeting of Colorado Springs lodge No. 140, I. O. O. F., the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Noble grand, G. C. Parberry, vice grand, G. L. Ellis, secretary, J. W. Kriger, treasurer, P. Wolsen.

At a meeting of Centennial chapter No. 58, O. E. S., last night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Mrs. Selma McDermid, worthy matron, Fred E. Mefford, worthy patron, Mrs. Cernanthe F. Schideler, associate matron, Mrs. Lucie M. Carson, secretary, Mrs. Minnie B. Vanzorder, treasurer, Mrs. Evaline Sinclair, conductress, Mrs. Mollie S. Richmond, associate conductress.

News of Local Courts

Thomas Vixier was arrested yesterday charged with being associated with John Martin and Jake Chenoweth in the theft of potatoes, beans, corn and other articles from farmers living in the vicinity of Ramah. He gave bond for \$500 and was released. For a number of months farmers in the vicinity of Ramah have been missing large quantities of grain and vegetables. It is said the thieves sold their loot to a grocer in the eastern part of the county. Suspicion was rested on Martin and Chenoweth because of the large amount of money they spent. The authorities say both men have confessed.

WULFF'S SHOE SALE CONTINUES

A Saving of 25% to 40% Makes a Great Inducement to buy NOW.



NOTHING RESERVED Do Not Miss This Opportunity.



CITY PROTECTS CITIZENS FROM IMPURE LIQUOR

City Chemist James E. Fuller will, in a few days, commence testing liquor procured from all the drug stores in the city to see if it complies with the requirements of the liquor ordinance of the city as to purity. The only question in regard to this matter that worries Commissioner Frost is whether the health department will have to purchase the necessary liquor. The tests will require one eight-ounce bottle of each of the spiritous liquors sold in Colorado Springs. It will be breaking the law for the health department to buy the liquor, and Frost is afraid some of the druggists might refuse to give it to him.

Colorado City DEPARTMENT

TAFT CLUB ORGANIZED

The Taft club of Colorado City was organized last night at a meeting held in the City hall. C. D. Taylor was elected temporary chairman, O. L. Wigger, secretary, and J. H. Smith, J. Murphy and F. S. Schreiber were appointed as a committee on by-laws.

The ladies of the Methodist church will hold a bazaar today.

Mrs. P. W. McNulty, 116 Main street, is still seriously ill.

D. N. Fowler of Denver is a business visitor in the city.

Naomi Rebekah lodge will meet in regular session tonight at 7 30 o'clock for the election of officers for the coming term.

The Woman's guild of the Church of the Good Shepherd will meet today at 2 30 p. m. at the home of Mrs. H. H. Cribbs.

The Rev. Duncan Lamont will leave for Denver today to serve on the United States grand jury during its short session before Christmas.

The Rev. and Mrs. V. O. Penley entertained the Rev. H. Holoran, rector of Trinity church, Denver, at dinner last night.

Earl Hall, secretary of the Business Men's association, is planning to build a modern bungalow in Ramona addition.

Thomas E. Johnson, a salesman for the Franklin & Taggart company of Colorado Springs, resumed his duties with the company yesterday after a two weeks' vacation.

Chief of Police Tawe has received orders from the district attorney's office to suppress all forms of gambling in this city. This includes all games of chance, such as candy card raffles, cigar raffles and many other Christmas games of this nature.

The Rev. V. O. Penley will leave for Denver today to attend the Retreat and Clerical conference, which will meet today and tomorrow in Wolfe hall. Dr. Reinald Weller of Fond du Lac will conduct the Retreat. All clergymen in this diocese are expected to attend.

Mrs. Elizabeth Winnie was taken to the county jail by Constable Kimsey yesterday to await hearing on a charge of petty larceny. It is said that Mrs. Winnie has been stealing money from the inmates of the county poor farm, where she lives.

Carl Bochman of Los Angeles, Cal., and Miss Martha Dickman of Westcliffe, Colo., were married at the home of the bride's parents recently. They are now visiting at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bochman, 507 Wheeler avenue, this city.

WELL-KNOWN MAKES

UNION SUITS.

Luzerne and Narragansett

Silk and Wool.

\$6.00 values .. \$3.55
5.00 values .. 3.25
3.50 values .. 2.15

We positively quit business DECEMBER 30th.



FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

All boys' and children's Suits and Overcoats

20% OFF

This includes every garment in our boys' department.



They will leave soon for California to make their home.

The Christian Endeavors of the different churches and the Epworth league will hold a union meeting next Sunday night from 6 30 to 7 30 o'clock at the Methodist church, corner of Third street and Lincoln avenue. Miss Winona Jewell of Salida, will deliver a short address.

Manual training and domestic science departments will be installed in the Colorado City public schools, according to a decision reached by the school board at a recent meeting. The departments will be fitted up in the basement of the Bancroft school building. A gymnasium also will be put in the basement of that building. Teachers for these departments will be required to qualify before the board, as are teachers in other departments.

When you have a bilious attack, give Chamberlain's Tablets a trial. They are excellent. For sale by all dealers.

Thornton Ranch Irrigated Farm Tracts

6 Miles East of Colorado Springs

TODAY IS THE LAST DAY AT \$25 AN ACRE!

\$35 AN ACRE INSTEAD OF \$25 AFTER TODAY

NOTE:--Through an Error, Yesterday's Advertisement Stated That Price After Thursday Would Be \$25. It Should Have Read \$35

THIS IS THE LAST DAY OF "THORNTON RANCH" IRRIGATED FARM TRACTS AT \$25 AN ACRE

Beginning Tomorrow (Friday) Morning \$35 an Acre

Water Rights \$20 an Acre Additional

Today! \$25 Per Acre, \$8.33 an Acre Cash, Balance Two Years.

Tomorrow Same Land \$35 Per Acre, \$11.66 an Acre Cash

Which Would You Rather Pay--\$25 or \$35?

You Can Phone or Call and Reserve 10, 20 or 40 Acres Today at \$25 an Acre and Make Actual Selection Sunday.

Autos Leave Our Offices at 8:30, 10:30 and 1 o'clock Thursday

Offices Open Until 9 o'clock Thursday Evening

The Colorado Springs Land Company

ROBERT A. WYER, Pres.

STUART ROBINSON, Sec'y

214 BURNS BUILDING

COLORADO SPRINGS

TELEPHONE MAIN 1458

\$20, \$25.00 and \$30.00.

WRITE 20 MONTH

pay an aggregate of \$25 in fines yesterday giving him something like the limit of punishment. Riley expressed a decided preference to spending a few months on the rock pile in the county.

CALIFORNIA CANNED FOODS

FRED.

S. FUGNER FUG

FRED S. TUCKER FURNITURE CO.

Buena Vista School Exponent of Latest System of Public Instruction

The latest and most up-to-date addition to the already large school system of Colorado Springs is the Buena Vista school, built on the cottage or unit plan at an approximate cost of \$36,000. The plant, consisting of six buildings, occupies the entire 1600 block on Park avenue, West Colorado Springs, the site upon which formerly stood the old Buena Vista school building.

All of the buildings are constructed of buff glazed brick, trimmed with white polished stone. The style of architecture is simple, there being only enough fancy work to break the monotonous straight line effect. The grounds have been put into the best possible

condition. They have a seating capacity of 48 each, and the interior is about the same as that of the auditorium. In the front vestibule of each is a sanitary drinking fountain and a cloak rack. A small rest room fitted with a couch and a wash basin is provided, making the school seem more homelike than the ordinary 10 or 12-room building.

Lighting System.

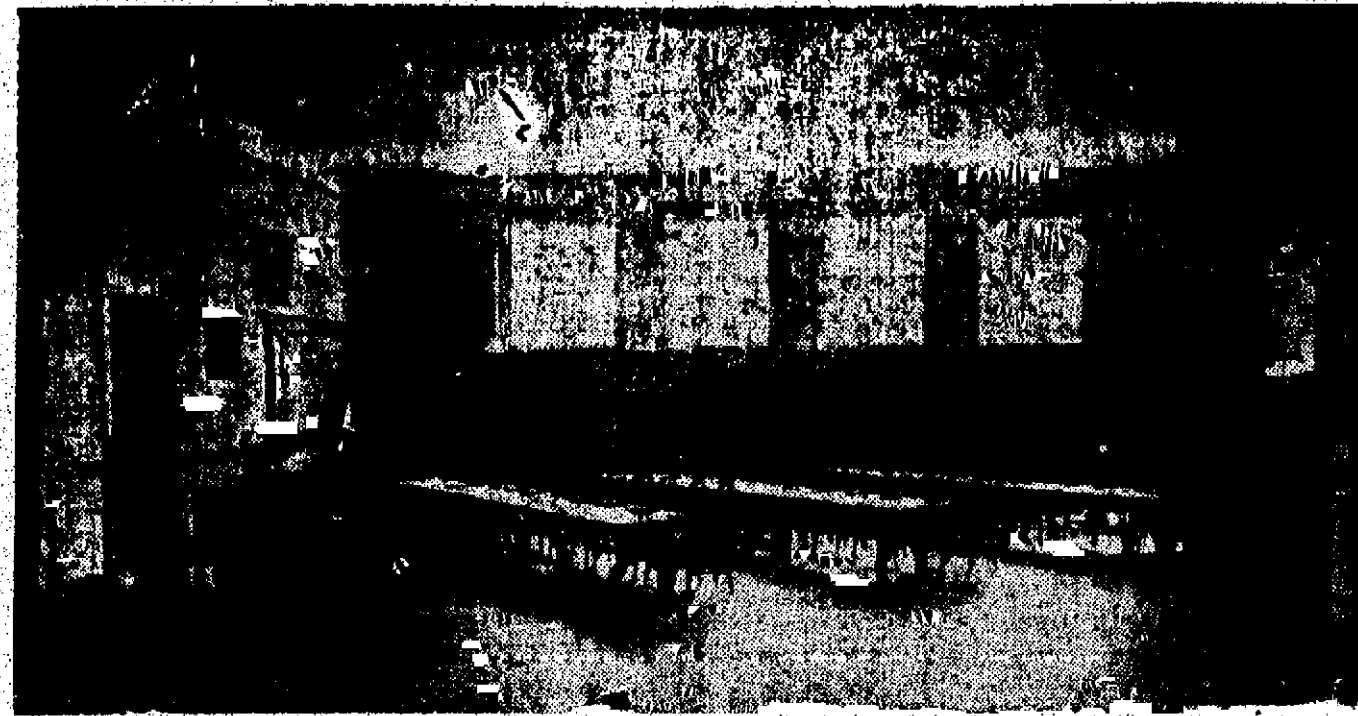
The lighting system is different from that in other school buildings in that the light enters from near the ceiling and is reflected from the ceiling onto the desks. Formerly it was thought that the only way to light a school room was to admit the light so that it would fall over the left shoulder of the pupil. However, the newer plan is

school is built. Those who have made a study of school questions know that the greatest one is that of health. They also can see how easy it is for sickness to spread in large buildings where many pupils are confined; by contagion, from the large amount of dirt and filth brought into the halls by many children; by the crowded conditions making complete ventilation impossible, and in many other ways.

The unit system does away with all of this, but it is little understood by the people. Probably the best way to explain it is to give the list of advantages it has over the old system, and which have been compiled by Dr. Corwin. They are as follows:

List of Advantages.

"The number of school rooms may be



ONE OF THE PRIMARY ROOMS IN THE MAIN BUILDING, SHOWING THE METHOD OF USING TABLES AND CHAIRS INSTEAD OF DESKS. THIS ROOM FORMS A PART OF THE AUDITORIUM.

condition, and cement sidewalks and curbs have been placed around the entire block, a feature which the people generally neglect.

The main building, which is the central one of the five shown in the group, contains the auditorium, which may be thrown into three recitation rooms by lowering the two partitions; the offices of the principal, the library and rooms in the basement, which will eventually be used for manual training classes for the boys and cooking classes for the girls. Storerooms and closets are plentiful throughout the building. The interior finishings are pleasing to the eye and do not have the tiring effect on the pupil of the ordinary school

building, proving more than satisfactory and probably will be used extensively hereafter.

The furnace room and toilets are in a small building immediately behind the main building. On the first floor are the toilets, all modern and sanitary. In the basement is the large, up-to-date, heating plant, which furnishes heat for the five buildings. Every modern convenience has been provided for the comfort of the pupils. A sanitary towel system is in use and liquid soap is placed at all the wash basins in the rest room. The system of ventilation is extensive and is near perfect as possible.

The system is so constructed that whenever necessary more cottages can be added. It is the present plan to

made always to meet the demand, which is not the case of a building with many rooms. The many-roomed building is usually ahead of or behind the needs of the district. There are vacant rooms intended for future requirement or crowded rooms, waiting for the school board to build. The unit plan admits

of erecting a building or room when there is need for it, hence there is no room unused and none overcrowded. When several districts are crying for more room and the school treasury is low, the school board can accommodate each district at least cost.

"It is cheaper than any other plan. There is less waste room (no halls or stairs). There is less chance of fire. In case of fire there is less chance

of loss of life or property or damage by water. There is no particular need of fire drill with its nervous strain on certain children. The danger to pupils in case of a fire is reduced to a minimum. Light may be obtained from any direction. Ventilation may be had from all directions. No large hallways to receive dirt from all pupils. Less work for the janitor. No sweeping of dust from one floor down onto another. No steps or banisters to clean.

No Stairs to Climb.

"No stairs to climb up or fall down. This is a relief to the small child and of vital importance to the young girl. No noise from passing classes. It is easier for the principal to supervise the grounds and rooms on this plan.

"The teacher finds the discipline of her class easier, both in the room and on the playground. There is greater field for individuality both on the part of teacher and pupil. A recess may be taken outdoors any time without disturbing other classes. The homelike atmosphere of the one-room building is not possible in the large structure. View from ground-floor windows is more attractive to children, being nearer to nature."

Dr. Corwin has reached these conclusions after a deep study of the subject where it was being tried, and all of his statements have been proved beyond a doubt. It is for this reason that the school board here made the experiment which is so successful. Although cottages are being made for the first and second grades at many of the schools in this city, this is the only real cottage school thus far in Colorado Springs. However, it is probable that hereafter when schools are needed this plan will be the model.

Adapted to West. The system is better adapted to the west than the east, on account of the climate. The winters in this country are mild, and more out-of-door exercise is taken than in the middle west and east. However, the plan is suitable for all climates and will eventually be used everywhere in the opinion of educators.

R. W. Corwin, M. A., M. D., LL.D., connected with the Minnesota hospital at Duluth, has made a deep and thorough study of this plan and it was through his compact, "The Modern Model School House," that the school board here came to consider this as a factor in school building. After some discussion it decided to build the present Buena Vista school as an experiment, and the experiment proved practical beyond all expectations.

Everybody understands the plan upon which the property is built. The

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THE BUENA VISTA SCHOOL, Recently built on the Unit or Cottage plan at an approximate cost of \$36,000.



THE MAIN BUILDING, WHICH CONTAINS THE AUDITORIUM, PRIMARY GRADES, LIBRARY AND PRINCIPAL'S OFFICE. IT IS LOCATED IN THE CENTER OF THE BLOCK WITH TWO COTTAGES ON EACH SIDE.



INTERIOR OF COTTAGE NO. 2, USED FOR ONE OF THE INTERMEDIATE GRADES. THE SEATING CAPACITY IS 48.



THE AUDITORIUM, WITH A SEATING CAPACITY OF 330, IN THE MAIN BUILDING. THE PHOTOGRAPH SHOWS A PART OF THE SLIDING PARTITION, WHICH, WHEN LOWERED, CONVERTS THE ROOM INTO THREE RECITATION ROOMS.

SPORTS NEWS

ROPER SUGGESTS CHANGES IN FOOTBALL RULE BOOK

By W. W. ROPER,

Upson at Princeton University.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 6.—Two years ago there was an almost unanimous demand from the heads of most, if not all, the large educational institutions in the country to change the football rules then existing. This demand was made on the score of the danger of the game.

When the rules committee met in the winter of 1910 their main thought was: "How can we make football less dangerous for those participating in the game?"

They quickly reached the conclusion: "Abolish the rule allowing assistance to the man carrying the ball."

The last two years demonstrated the wisdom of this legislation. Football has become safe—that is, as safe as any game can be where there is physical contact among the players. Football today is as safe as baseball, hockey or basketball and more so than wrestling or boxing.

In the last two years at Princeton on the varsity and freshmen football squads, numbering over 100 men, there has been one serious accident, a broken leg. On baseball and wrestling teams of the past season men have been prevented from playing by injuries of a more serious nature.

I lay this emphasis on the necessity of maintaining the safety of the game because, in my opinion, there should be no meddling with the rule which prevents assisting the runner. This rule should remain as it is today. There is a great hue and cry in some quarters to change the rules. And, while the football rules need some alterations, they also need simplifying just as badly. There are too many points that need interpretation and too many artificial restrictions in the rules.

And one of the most important things to be considered is the jurisdiction of officials. In the first place, there are too many under the present rules. Three competent officials are plenty. The umpire has too many duties as it is, and he certainly should be relieved from the arduous job of keeping time. In the last minute or so of each quarter he is practically able to do nothing else.

Secondly, why make a ball be kicked from a point five yards behind the line of scrimmage, and why make the kicking team outside after the ball has struck in the field of play twenty yards from the line of scrimmage, and not outside after the ball has gone nineteen yards and a half? Is this not absolutely an artificial ruling?

Could not the restrictions hedging in a rule making that soon as a kicked ball touched the ground both teams were onside, fill the bill much better? This would encourage a return punt

and even a return kickoff. In these two plays the scoring possibilities would be many and varied.

Why allow the team kicking off in the first half to do so in the second? In a game between two evenly balanced eleven losing the toss means that your chances of scoring are lessened nearly 50 per cent.

Should the forward pass be kept? There are many who favor its retention and many who believe it should be eliminated. To my mind the forward pass is a departure from football, and today is so hedged about by technicalities that it merely serves as a buffer on the defensive backs in certain quarters of the field. If the forward pass must be retained, let the rules be so modified that it is at least possible to make a pass with a fair chance of success, and do not restrict it to five yards behind the line of scrimmage.

The most important change will no doubt have to do with the number of yards to be gained and the number of downs allowed. Steady rushing should not be encouraged too much. In my opinion three downs are ample. As to the distance, it should be uniform and whole length of the field. Might not eight yards be a happy medium between 10 of the present day, and five of the old game?

NO FURTHER LENIENCY

Faculty Council University of Minnesota Says It Will Enforce Suspension or Expulsion Rule

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—Strict compliance with the conference rules even if it means the suspension or expulsion of the offender, is pronounced by the faculty council of the University of Minnesota, as a result of the meeting this evening to discuss the case of Earl Pickering, captain of the 1911 football team, barred from the team on the charge of professionalism.

Pickering had been accused of playing professional baseball with a Millbank, S. D., team.

"To discipline Mr. Pickering further than to give publicity to this statement," says the council, "would be to make him the only culprit in a situation for which the responsibility is widely distributed."

"It is the unanimous conviction of the council, however, that from now on whatever rules are adopted must be strictly enforced and that hereafter students who are guilty of deceit and dishonesty must be dealt with rigorously even to the extent of suspension or expulsion."

WARD MAY GO AFTER TOM LYNCH'S SCALP

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—If the rumor grows large enough within 10 days the National league meeting, which begins here December 11, is to be the storm center of one of the most bitter fights since the days of the interleague war. The trouble, which is somewhat expected, will start the moment an effort is made to propose the name of John M. Ward as president of the National league to succeed Tom Lynch, who has held down the job for two years.

If the friends of Mr. Ward insist on presenting his name, Ban Johnson, president of the American league, will draw his sword and step into the fight. It will then be up to the National league to decide whether it is able to run its own affairs or whether it will have to be dictated to by Ban Johnson. It will be remembered that Ward was the candidate for National league president against John Heydler when Lynch was selected as a compromise candidate. At that time Mr. Johnson issued a statement in which he said that he would not sit on the national commission if Ward were a member. Notwithstanding the fact that Johnson later left town and sent word back that he wanted to get out of the way so as not to cause the National league embarrassment, it is generally believed that his statement in regard to Ward is what caused the latter not to be elected.

A few months after this famous election Ward brought suit against Johnson for libel, and won a judgment in the United States circuit court. Despite the fact that Johnson disclaimed the authorship of a newspaper article to which his name was signed, and which attacked Ward, the jury gave a verdict in favor of the old player.

That vindication of Ward still rankles in Johnson's breast, and it is believed if Ward's name should again be proposed for the presidency the American league president will fight him to the last ditch.

If this fight should break out it will make this ticket investigation look like a plaything.

The friends of Tom Lynch declare, however, that he will be reelected without opposition. They say that his administration entitles him to another term.

Mr. Ward says that he is not seeking the job of president of the National league. At the same time if Ward's friends urge his election it is not believed that he will throw cold water on the scheme.

An important matter to come up at this annual league meeting is the adoption of rules so as to simplify the recording of pitchers' averages. It has been a difficult matter to satisfy all concerned in the scoring of victories and defeats. Heretofore it has been left to the judgment of the scorer to a large extent. To obviate this as much as possible, an attempt will be made to fix a definite rule which will decide what pitcher gets credit for a game in the event that more than one are used.

MANY SURPRISES BOB UP IN PROFESSIONAL BOXING

By TOM S. ANDREWS

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 6.—There is no sport in which surprises are furnished more rapidly than in boxing bouts. Those who follow the "dope" sheet in boxing matches are very liable to be fooled at any time, and upsets come when least expected. You sometimes hear about boxing matches being "fixed," but when you get right down to cold facts it will be found that few of them go through. About 1895 two well-known boxers were supposed to box a prearranged affair in Chicago, but when it came to hostilities one of them hit a little harder than the other thought was on the cards, and a genuine fight resulted, there being a real knockout, and by the unexpected one. When Jack McVie knocked out Kid McCoy he upset all the "dope," and when Young Corbett defeated the Terrible Terry McGovern at Hartford, Conn., he tore big holes into the bank rolls of Terry's backers.

When Jimmy Clabby was in Australia last year he was matched to box Gus Devitt for the welterweight championship of Australia. Devitt hailed from New Zealand and had a good reputation, especially of his hitting ability. They were matched at Brisbane on Christmas day morning and Clabby was anxious to get moving pictures of the same to take back to the states with him. The writer made arrangements for the moving pictures and it was understood that Jimmy would not try to stop the other fellow inside of six rounds, which would be ample to have a good showing from the pictures. There was nothing wrong about the affair at all, except that Clabby figured he would take no chances until the sixth round, when he would win then whenever the chance offered.

It was a beautiful morning, with a bright sun and very warm, just right for moving pictures, and a big crowd was in attendance. Devitt had a former American boxer for a second and this chap instructed Devitt to throw all science to the winds and rush Clabby from the call of time. They started at 10:30 a. m. and in 10 seconds it was all over.

Devitt rushed like a young bull and began swinging his arms in all directions. Clabby caught him a right cross on the chin as he rushed in and down went Devitt. He was up at the count of nine and started rushing again and swinging. As he came in Clabby stepped and shot another to the chin and Mr. Devitt went down for the 10 count. The picture man had just started as the men shook hands and had only the 10 seconds of boxing. I asked Clabby afterward why he didn't wait a round or two before ending the battle. "Gee, that guy was liable to put me away if he landed one of those haymakers," said Jimmy, "and then the pictures would be no good at all."

There is a probability that Matt Wells, the British lightweight champion, will forsake the ranks of the 135-pounders before long and become a full-fledged welterweight and later perhaps a middleweight. It has been the wonder of many boxing judges that Wells has been able to make the lightweight limit at all, although he has posted big forfeits to make 133 at a clock the day of a contest. When Matt returned to London a couple of weeks ago, he was broached on the subject of meeting heavier men and gave it out that he would not be backward in taking on any of the good welters, and he would match up with Billy Papke at 10 stones 10 pounds, which would be 150 pounds. Probably Matt meant 11 stones 10 pounds, which would be 160 pounds, for surely he knows that Papke could not make less than 160 if he cut off a leg. It shows, however, that the British lightweight champion will soon outgrow the class he is now in and the title will no doubt fall back to Freddy Welsh or Owen Moran, although Jack Ward is a promising lightweight coming to the front, and Billy Marchant is another 126-pounder who is fast developing into a lightweight and a good one. Wells would have a chance at the British welterweight title for Johnny Summers is out of it, and Young Joseph, the former champion, lost the title to George Carpenter, who is also too heavy now to defend it at the weight.

Wells classes ahead of Joseph and would have an easy time in that division, although the Dixie Kid, who is now in England, looks like a dangerous man for any of the welters. Wells, through his manager, George McDonald, writes me that he is practically matched with Ad Wolgast in New York city for the near future. Mr. McDonald tells me that Wolgast and Wells would have met before this but for too much unnecessary talk. "It was no fault of ours," says Mr. McDonald, "that Ad and Matt did not meet. I am not, we did not have the match, for we wanted to meet the champion above all others. I got them 134,000 before they entered the ring, and if it had been left to me everything would have been all right, but they did not. We will return in about three weeks and hope then to fix up the match. I also expect to have Billy Bombardier, the English heavy-weight, with me. He will surprise some of the critics with his cleverness for such a big man, and there are plenty of good matches in sight for him. The game in England just now is rather uncertain, but I hope to see the more sensible element win out and have our boxing bouts as always. It is only some of the old fogies who are butting into something they know nothing about, with some of them looking for cheap notoriety. Boxing is needed in England the same as elsewhere."

Frankie Conley, the Kenosha featherweight, is very much like Jack Nelson as regards his drawing power—that is, before the latter became champion. Frankie has had several contests of late—most of them defeats—but he is a big card just the

same, due to his aggressive tactics and willingness to mix it at all times. It was the same style of boxing that made Charlie Neary such a favorite with Milwaukee followers several years ago. Conley lost to Johnny Coulton, Joe Coster and Johnny Kilbane, and got a draw recently. But Joe Rivers at Los Angeles, but Tom McCarey, the Los Angeles promoter, thinks well enough of him to match him for another bout with Rivers for New Year's day, rather than take one of the eastern feathers. Conley gave Rivers a severe battle when they met in a 20-round bout, getting home with many hard blows the latter part of the contest, but in the earlier rounds had all the better of the argument. Harry Gilmore, Jr., manager for Conley, thinks that the Wisconsin boy will bring home the bacon this time, stating that Frankie will see the pace from the top of the song when next they meet instead of permitting the Mexican to take a load at the start. It will be another whirlwind fight, and Tom McCarey will doubtless have a capacity house to witness it.

Jack Lester, the Michigan boy, whom Tommy Burns developed out in and around Seattle, is now sporting a handsome gold memento of his meeting with Sam McVie the colored giant, whom he recently fought in Australia and lost the decision after 20 hard rounds of fighting. It is a valuable trophy and was presented by Promoter Hugh D. McIntosh for the excellent contest Lester put up against big odds, as McVie had a big advantage in weight, height and reach. Lester was also given the preference for another battle with Bill Lang, the ex-champion of Australia.

It is evident that the Philadelphia boxing promoters are not wise to what happened in New York because some of the promoters tried to "hog" everything. It is reported from the Quaker city that the boxers there have been making a strenuous kick on account of the manner in which the men are obliged to box for certain managers who work with certain clubs, and that instead of getting what they earn they must be content with less than half. These rumors are gaining circulation, so it is said, and the mayor is liable to take a hand in the game. If he does the sport will suffer once more simply because the promoters themselves did not have the good sense to be fair and keep it clean. It is hoped the promoters will take a warning in time.

It looks as though there will be a big side wager when the two Sams meet in Sydney, Australia, for both Langford and McVie have expressed themselves as anxious to have something on the side. While Langford and his manager, Joe Woodman, have been on the Pacific ocean, McVie has been making himself solid in Sydney, and has found a backer with real money. McVie and Langford fought a 20-round draw in Paris last April, and the Boston Tar Baby did not have any great kick coming on the decision. McVie gained a lot of confidence, and if he is in shape when they meet Boxing day, if the match is not changed, he is liable to give Langford an argument that he will remember. Boxing day is the big time for boxing all over Australia Christmas day, but the word boxing does not mean what it implies to the sporting public. Boxing day over there means the giving of presents, which are usually in small boxes, and that is where the name Boxing day sprang from.

MINNESOTA WILL TRY TO MEET DARTMOUTH SQUAD

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—The University of Minnesota will meet Dartmouth on the gridiron next year if a game can be arranged, and if not, will try for a contest with Cornell.

This was decided tonight by the university athletic board of control. Plans also were discussed for arranging with a few years games either with Syracuse or Pennsylvania. Outside of the conference games next year, however, the only eastern contest to be attempted will be that with Dartmouth.

Dr. H. L. Williams was reelected coach for three years at a salary of \$5,500 a year.

EASTERN STOCK WINNERS

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—The east for the first time since the exhibition of the International Stock association became an annual institution defeated the west today in the grading of fine stock.

The distinction came in the judging of Clydesdale or heavy draft horse classes. The chief winners of blue ribbons were Robert A. Fairbairn of Newmarket, N. J., and Conyngham brothers of Wilkesbarre, Pa. The former's stallion, Mikado, was judged to be the best ever exhibited at the stock show.

In the cattle classes, Ohio showed up well with the largest number of blue ribbons. Canada carried off the highest sheep honors.

J. W. BRAUER STARTER FOR SANTA FE RACING CIRCUIT
J. W. Brauer of this city has been chosen official starter for all the races on the Santa Fe racing circuit during the coming season. Brauer has been connected with racing tracks and circuits for many years and his appointment as starter on the Santa Fe circuit makes him the first man who has ever held that position officially.

Ex-Head American Assn. Secretary of New York Giants

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—In a letter made public tonight, John T. Brush, president of the New York Nationals, announced that Joseph D. O'Brien, ex-president of the American association, has been engaged for the position of secretary of the New York club in succession to William Gray.

Mr. Gray, it is understood, will sever his relations with the club after the National league meeting next week. President Brush says the appointment was due to his desire to take a needed rest and the consequent necessity of having a man in his place who knows every angle of the game.

Speaking of Mr. Gray, Mr. Brush says: "Mr. Gray has performed the duties assigned him during the last year in a thoroughly satisfactory manner, and he has been conscientious, painstaking and competent. It would be almost impossible and unexpected that he should master the intricacies of baseball procedure in the brief space of time he has been connected with the national game, and it is because of this fact that it has become necessary to secure one who is in full touch with baseball throughout its many ramifications."

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 6.—Announcement is made here this evening of the appointment of Joseph D. O'Brien, ex-president of the American association, as secretary of the New York National league baseball club and assistant to President John T. Brush.

Mr. O'Brien will represent the club at all National league meetings and he will make his debut at a meeting of the National commission in New York Monday next.

"Joe" O'Brien was president of the American association for six years, and is looked upon as one of the baseball authorities in the country.

RESOLUTION CALLS FOR CONTINUATION OF PROBE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Representative Francis of Ohio introduced a resolution in the house today directing the steel investigation committee to continue the inquiry in spite of suits pending in the federal court, and to enforce the criminal sections of the Sherman antitrust law.

The resolution, which was referred to the rules committee, directs the committee to tabulate evidence against each individual who may be found guilty of violating the law and to file statements with the attorney general and district attorneys in whatever district offenders may reside, requesting that proper action be taken in each case.

NAVY MAIL CLERK TO JAIL

TACOMA, Wash., Dec. 6.—E. R. Aycock, navy mail clerk on the cruiser Colorado at the Puget sound naval station, pleaded guilty today to embezzlement of \$526 at Bremerton and was sentenced to three months in jail.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

John Peter Wagner, otherwise known as "Hans" Wagner, is still the monarch of the National league batmen. Although he is listed third in the official batting averages of the major organizations for 1911, Wagner is the virtual leader, for he participated in more than three times the number of games. Kirke and Jackson of the Boston team played in. Wagner's average is .334.

Only one-tenth of the population of the United States is of unimpaired descent.

Boxing Wrestling

By Professor Tom Ryan, Instructor in Physical Culture.

Twelve years experience. Office and Training School Third Floor of Colorado Springs Laundry, Entrance via alley South Teton St.

YOU CAN SAVE

\$100

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By Buying

Thornton Ranch
Irrigated Farm Tracts
6 Miles East of Colorado Springs

TODAY! See Page 4

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SUNDAY AND MONDAY

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Santa Fe Good Trains.
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COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE OLDEST REPUBLICAN DAILY NEWS-PAPER IN COLORADO.

Published every day in the year at The Colorado Springs Gazette Co.

CLARENCE P. DODGE, Editor

CHARLES T. WILDER, Business Manager

Entered at the Colorado Springs postoffice for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

TELEPHONE MAIN 215.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE MONTH-DAILY AND SUNDAY.....\$1.00
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ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION.

The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

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THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1911.

THE OPEN MUFFLER

THE constant and fragrant violations of the speed ordinance by drivers of automobiles is a nuisance and a source of danger, but the reckless driving of motorcycles is even worse. To the average pedestrian a motorcycle coming down the street at breakneck pace is a more fearsome thing than an automobile, for it appears to be harder to dodge. And it is more objectionable for the added reason that as a rule it produces more noise. When a motorcyclist gets ready to split the atmosphere on Cascade Avenue or Tejon street he first cuts out his muffler. Presumably this is to increase the efficiency of his engine, but to the people living within earshot it seems designed solely to cause them the greatest possible annoyance. Thousands of people in Colorado Springs sleep on porches where street sounds are more easily heard than indoors, and it is not an agreeable sensation to them to be startled out of their senses at night by the rushing, roaring noise of a motorcycle tearing along at a fifty-mile gait with an open muffler.

It is refreshing to learn that the Federation of American Motorcyclists, a national organization, is exerting its influence against the open muffler. In various places motorcycle clubs have gone so far as to impose fines on members who persist in using the "cut-out."

The reckless driving of motorcycles in Colorado Springs is an unmitigated nuisance, not only as to excessive speed but also as to the practice of running with open mufflers and carrying two passengers on machines built only for one. Perhaps, though, some day, our vigilant Police Department will see a chance to distinguish itself by putting a stop to this nuisance.

A DANGEROUS PRACTICE

A SHORT time ago a distributor of advertising matter was fined in Police Court for leaving samples of patent medicines on doorsteps and in front yards. The prosecution was caused by a physician who found one of his children opening a sample package of a patent medicine which, according to the formula printed on the label, contained enough of an exceedingly dangerous drug to produce death.

The man who threw the sample packages of this remedy about in this indiscriminate fashion probably did not realize what he was doing, but the fine imposed upon him was nevertheless entirely proper. Usually the children of a household are the first to discover and pick up handbills or "sample packages" of any sort which are thrown in the yard, and childish curiosity quite naturally leads them to open the packages. Many cases of serious illness, and sometimes a fatality, produced by taking pills and tablets in this way have been reported.

It is well that the Health Department and the Police Judge have declared their intention hereafter to prosecute vigorously anybody who thus distributes packages of medicine. But it would be well, too, for parents to warn their children not to swallow any of the stuff of this sort which they may find in neat packages on the doorstep, even though it often does look and taste like candy.

THE ITALIANS IN TRIPOLI

SOMEHOW it seems to be a very difficult thing for the Latin races to carry on war in humane fashion. The blood lust that comes down from the time of the Caesars generally asserts itself in the excitement of victory and rapine stalks rampant. This trait was especially noticeable in the advance of the allied army on Pekin twelve or thirteen years ago. A force made up of troops sent by the United States and nearly all European nations marched to the relief of the foreign legations which had been besieged by the Boxers. The allies won an easy victory because of their superior organization and fighting capacity, although they were vastly outnumbered. It was an occasion when restraint was especially desirable, and the American and British

troops, and also the Germans, set a laudable example. But the French and Italians could not resist the temptation to murder and plunder at will. In numerous instances they fell upon the conquered Boxers or on unoffending noncombatants with the ferocity of a pack of wolves. Whatever moral effect might have been gained by a practical demonstration of civilized principles was wholly lost, so far as the soldiers representing the Latin nations were concerned.

Within the last month the world has been shocked by the disclosure of the atrocious depredations committed by the victorious Italian troops in Tripoli. Italy's war against the Turkish province was morally inexcusable in the beginning, and its conduct throughout has served only to make a bad case worse. Authoritative observers agree that General Caneva's troops have committed atrocities that would disgrace a savage tribe in Central Africa. For instance, it is declared that in one case 4,000 men and 400 women and children were shot to death with their hands bound as an act of reprisal for some alleged indignity inflicted on the Italians. A paper published in Rome says, "All the Arabs in the oasis have been exterminated. When justice was done, dead silence reigned among the palms." And a Turin paper observes, "The oasis is empty. The bodies were very, very numerous in streets and gardens, and the reek of purification has begun."

War is horrible enough at best, but it has remained for the Anglo-Saxon nations to show the world that it can be conducted, even under stress of "military exigency," with some degree of humanity. There is no episode in American or British history comparable to the Italian massacres of Arabs in Tripoli, or the atrocities committed by French troops in the Sudan and in Central Africa.

OPEN-PARLIAMENT

JUSTICE TO NEGROES

To the Editor of The Gazette

Attending a certain church service last Sunday, the minister spoke at length upon an article which appeared in the Literary Digest of November 18, "A Black Man's Appeal," by Dr. Lovingsgood, president of Sam Houston college. His remarks were favorable and encouraging, it was a strong forcible criticism of the injustice to a people whose greatest fault is their color. The progress of these ten millions of people is retarded by "Jim Crow laws" and ostracism of the basest sort, be it in Illinois or Texas as the excellent article by Dr. Lovingsgood so truthfully sets forth. Every colored citizen should read this article and determine to pray on every occasion that we ask only fair play and justice as that accorded other races. It is deplorable that we are forced to appeal to the courts for our civil rights.

Last week one of our most influential colored women of Denver sued a picture show house for refusing her a seat to any part of the house, and was awarded \$500 damages. This is a most ridiculous occurrence in "the land of the free," etc., a Christian land, where to be our "brothers' keeper" is a full part of being Christ-like. The colored population are respected and law-abiding as a whole, no race is perfect. Then why are we oppressed? We are acquiring wealth, obliterating illiteracy, and no longer can this race be made cowards, there will be a fight for our civil liberty; for although we are crushed, the seed of womanhood and manhood lies in our heart. On this country was not content to let our ancestors remain in their own land, we are here, and we are among on always. The colored race is a part of this grand United States, and a house divided against itself cannot stand. On every hand we are pleading for justice, but if justice you will not give us justice we will have. Judge us rightly and we will merit justice. This is all we ask. Can we have it?

MRS. J. EMBURY



Colorado Springs, Nov. 5.

FROM OTHER PENS.

CARNEGIE'S LIST OF GREATEST MEN.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

It would probably be impossible for anyone to compile a list of greatest men which should command a unanimous approval; so much depends upon the personal temperament and the individual's point of view, but the list which Mr. Carnegie has given out reflects in a very striking and extraordinary manner the limitations of his intellectuality and the narrowness of his outlook. His conceptions are extremely notable and significant. Nearly all the men whom the former list names are indebted for their distinction to achievements of a material and physical description. Robert Burns is included because he was a poet, and it may be said a Scotchman. Abraham Lincoln is added to the roster for having abolished slavery, and William Shakespeare also receives honorable mention in his capacity of playwright. All the rest of the 21 are inventors or discoverers.

Apparently, the whole world of philosophy, religion and art lies beyond the range of Mr. Carnegie's vision. His interests are exclusively confined to the materialistic side of human accomplishment, and to the things that count for progress in an industrial and commercial civilization. The inventor of an improved process of making steel is a great man, but the composer of such masterpieces of music as Beethoven's fifth symphony, as Mozart's opera of "Don Giovanni" or as Richard Wagner's "Ring of the Nibelung" is ignored as unworthy of consideration. There is not one artist on Mr. Carnegie's list. The sons of genius to whom the world is indebted for such pictorial treasures as a score of famous paintings, which the reader will at once recall, receive no tribute of acknowledgement, but the inventor of the hot blast used in the manufacture of iron is to be included among the immortals.

How more striking and remarkable is the denial or recognition to any representative of philosophy or religion. Yet the questions which have most constantly and imperatively occupied the human mind after the dawn of history, the questions which have most powerfully influenced the course of human destiny and which have counted for the most in human conduct and in human happiness are those with which religion and philosophy are concerned. Man does not live by steel alone or by the things for which in Mr. Carnegie's thought steel seems to be the symbol. It is the distinguishing characteristic and the glory of the human being that his nature has a spiritual side and that it is capable of a spiritual development and the greatest men of all are those

by whom this development has been actually promoted.

But Mr. Carnegie knows none of these. His typical hero is the inventor of the fly shuttle and the man who perfected coal gas for illuminating purposes. Which shows how much depends upon the point of view and on the habits of a lifetime.

THE PUBLIC AND THE JUDGE.

From the Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Oregon is getting its first taste of the recall of judges. The proceedings are aimed at Judge John S. Cox of the Second judicial district, who gained the ill will of the community by presiding over a trial at which a very unpopular defendant was acquitted.

It may be noted, as the New York World points out, that the charge is not made against Judge Cox by impeachment, nor is it charged that he is wilfully misusing the powers of his office, in which case also he could be reached by impeachment or tried for misdemeanor.

"Incompetency," and that in the sole opinion of a chance gathering of men in the street, is the ground on which a judge is to be removed and the administration of justice is to be delayed. What do these men, who are not even at the trial know about the judge's instructions, and why should a mere gathering of citizens, without previous training or experience, undertake to pass on legal questions and to make their judgment effective by removing a judge from the bench? Here is an example of the result in full working power, and it is enough to make even the wisest pause for reflection.

WILL THERE BE THREE TICKETS?

From the Norfolk Virginian Pilot.

That the rupture between Theodore and his "Dear Will" as to the international arbitration treaties will be reflected in the Republican lineup for the presidential campaign is inevitable, and there are not wanting political prophets to suggest the probability that, after the preliminary skirmishing for position is done with, both Roosevelt and Bryan will be supporting La Follette. While we would by no means commit ourselves to such an expectation it is by no means beyond the bounds of reasonable conjecture. Roosevelt does not hesitate to express his admiration for the insurgent leader or his substantial concurrence in most of his program of reforms; while Bryan's speeches are vehement protests against the nomination by the Democrats of any but a radically progressive candidate for the presidency, coupled with unqualified approval of La Follette's advanced views on national issues. Doubt is openly expressed by western papers whether Bryan will stand to his party allegiance unless the platform and ticket are of his making, and in Washington the beller is openly expressed that Roosevelt will do nothing to aid in Mr. Taft's nomination or election.

Sunflower Philosophy

In older days they used to rack the criminal and break his back, and one may know how tough he'd feel, if he was broken on the wheel. The torturer, we may opine, believed he had things pretty fine. He knew his trade from A to Z.

THE TORTURE CHAMBER. And yet his work was crude and coarse, for he relied on brutal force. If I were a torturer in chief, I'd fill my victims' souls with grief. I'd stretch the poor chaps on the rack until their joints began to crack, and then I'd say, "Oh, laugh and sing, and smile, and smile, like everything!" I have three kinds of rheumatism, and pink pains through my system, and people stand about my chair, and when I paw around and swear they spring their optimistic gags, and tear my temper all to rags. There is a time for signs and tears; there is a time for smiles and cheers, distinguish them, those times betwixt—don't get your optimism mixed!

Copyright, 1910, by Dr. J. H. Cameron, Oak Mason.

THE DAILY CHIT-CHAT

The little mother had been searching diligently for a pair of gloves which had cleverly secreted themselves in some out-of-the-way corner. She did not find them but did bring forth my riding crop which had also been among the missing for some months.

"Well, that's the way it always is," she said as she restored the crop to its proper place. "When I look for one thing I find another."

It is so, isn't it?

You've had that experience yourself, haven't you, my friend? Perhaps you dropped a collar button under the chifonier, and had your rage at the mishap assuaged, when in the course of your groveling, you found that little silver pin you thought you had lost for keeps.

Perhaps you were hunting through your desk for a receipt bill, when you stumbled upon that little snapshot of the baby which you had searched for so many times in vain.

And, of course, as you brought your treasure triumphantly forth to be congratulated, you uttered that good old homestead: "Wherever I look for one thing, I find another."

Now, did it ever occur to you that it's just the same about bigger things about mental and moral qualities—that is when you are looking very hard for one thing, you often find another?

You don't see just what I mean? I don't blame you. Let me make it clear by illustration.

Suppose you make up your mind that you are going to try with all your might to be popular. As like as not the very intensity of your desire frustrates you, so that you do not win popularity. And then, suppose you have a change of heart and decide that it is more desirable to be lovable than to be loved, and start out to seek unselfishness. And lo, by and by when you have quite forgotten about popularity, it is yours. In looking for one thing, you have found another.

Suppose, again, your one ambition is to earn a great deal of money. Money is the greatest thing in life and you are going to have it, willy nilly. And then you find that money is very hard to get and that it is unlikely you will ever be a millionaire anyway, and you make up your mind to be content with doing just the best kind of work you know how.

Who knows but that by and by you will find that the financial success is coming to you as a by-product of the greater gain. In looking for one thing, you have found another.

Do you remember how Lowell's Sir Launfal went searching all over the world for the Holy Grail and quite in vain? It was only when he gave up the search, and bent his energies towards loving his fellow men, that he found the Grail!

Look for one thing, and you find another. Look for the big things that count, and the lesser blessings "shall be added unto thee."

Seek to be lovable and you will probably be loved. Seek to be healthy, and you will probably gain at least a certain measure of beauty. Seek to learn for your own satisfaction, and you will soon find yourself admired for your culture. Again and again this rule works itself out. You don't believe it?

Then try it and see.

The Great Conflict

A Half Century Ago Today

DECEMBER 7, 1861

Cyrus W. Field addressed a letter to General McClellan suggesting the laying of a submarine cable to connect all the forts and military stations along the coast, from Newport News to Galveston, Texas. General McClellan urged that the plan be adopted by the government.

A party of Confederates seized 10 mule teams that were in charge of a Union foraging expedition 20 miles west of Sedalia, Missouri. Another party of Confederates entered Independence, Missouri, arrested seven Union sympathizers, and forced them to take oath that they would not take arms in support of the Union.

The United States gunboat De Soto and the steamer New London engaged the Confederate armed vessels Pamlico and California in Mississippi sound. The Confederate vessels were endeavoring to run the blockade, bound from Mobile to New Orleans.

Gen. John Pope was assigned to the command of all the Union forces between the Missouri and the Osage rivers in Missouri. The troops involved were practically the army brought into the state by General Fremont.

The Confederate captain, Sweeney, who had been active with a small company of partisans near Glasgow, Missouri was captured by Captain Merrill.

The side-wheel steamer Octorara was launched at the Brooklyn navy yard. She was equipped with engines made to run equally well in either direction.

(Copyright 1911 by W. G. Chapman)

REMEMBER!

MONEY GLADLY REFUNDED. on tickets purchased in advance at Colorado & Southern City Office, and not used. MORAL—Get them at City Office, 119 East Pikes Peak Ave.

Missing Man, Thought Dead for Ten Years, - Is Alive and Wealthy

DENVER, Dec. 6.—Joseph Murray of Denver, pronounced as dead for 10 years by his daughter, Miss Agnes Murray, has been found. He is reported to have made a fortune in the Alaska gold fields since he dropped from sight.

The news that his father is not dead came to Miss Murray when she was shopping. She was accosted by an apparent stranger.

"Are you not Agnes Murray?" the man asked. Miss Murray replied in the affirmative and the man then informed her that he was her uncle. He told Miss Murray that her father was alive and anxious to locate her.

Joseph Murray left Denver 10 years ago to seek his fortune. Nothing was heard from him by his family until two years after his departure, when news came that he had been drowned in a wreck off the Alaskan coast.

You will find that druggists everywhere speak well of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. They know from long experience in the sale of it that in cases of coughs and colds it can always be depended upon and that it is pleasant and safe to take. F. F. sale by all dealers.

UNGRAMMATICAL, BUT "LITERARY"

Katherine T. Garould in Atlantic.

The bad grammar in Miss Abbott's books is constant. And yet I do not know of any other young people's stories, anywhere wherein the background is so unobtrusively and sincerely "literary." Cheap literature is unsparingly satirized, Plato and Goethe are quoted quite as everyday matters, and a metaphysical streak had unconscious-ly got into it. I first noted it in "The Rose in Bloom," Miss Abbott misquotes Goethe, to be sure, but she does it in the highest of morality, and elsewhere Mac quotes other lines from the same poet correctly. Of course, we all remember when Emerson's essays helped on, largely Miss Abbott's writing. Indeed, they did not do the whole trick. And has there ever been an "abode of learning" to slip for a moment into the very story of John Boys—like unto Blumfield, crowned by "Paragloss." After all, too, we must remember how familiarly even those misquoting Ted and Josie handled about the names of Greek gods. The boys and girls who scoff at the simple amusements of Miss Abbott's young heroes and heroines, my aback not so much at home with classical mythology as the young people, these despite. Yet, as I say, the bad grammar is everywhere—even in the mouths of the educators.

If you are troubled with chronic constipation, the mild and gentle effect of Chamberlain's Tablets makes them especially suited to your case. For sale by all dealers.

To clean streets of snow, an Oregon inventor has devised a self-propelled vehicle that projects a jet of briny steam through a pipe in front of it.

A GOOD SUGGESTION

Shop today and you will get a selection impossible after the Holiday rush begins. We are always glad to help you choose and put away goods for future delivery.

Arcularius & Co. Jewelers
126 N. Tejon Street

Specials Today At Hardy's New Store

- | | |
|---|--|
| 50 Navajo Indian Silver Bracelets, for girls, 50¢ each. | 100 more Croft Water Color Colorado Calendars, 50¢ each. |
| 72 Sterling Silver After Dinner Coffee Spoons, 35¢; 3 for \$1.00. | 500 new Reprint Books of Fiction, including "The Foreigner," by Connor, and "Freckles," by Stratton-Porter, 50¢. |
| 24 Arts & Crafts Bar Pins, 75¢ each. | 12 Brass Book Racks, \$2.25 each. |
| 36 Ladies' Long Chains, \$1.00. | 72 Arts & Crafts Tie Pins, 35¢; 3 for \$1.00. |
| 48 Arts & Crafts Ladies' Rings, \$1.50. | |

HARDY'S
16 North Tejon Street

DIPPY-DOPE

If a carpenter saws wood would he chop? Or if an aviator landed on his neck how would he light?

IN THE EARLY DAYS

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

December 7, 1881.

The entire text of President Arthur's message to congress was printed in the Gazette to the exclusion of all other telegraphic news.

The cost of living at the young men's boarding club at Colorado college had been \$3.12 per week for the past two weeks.

L. S. Richardson, who had lately resigned as auditor of the D & R G, was the recipient of a handsome silver tea set, presented by his former subordinates. The general offices of the railroad were then in this city.

A man named Charlie Toliver, who had been engaged in doing odd jobs around the city, was arrested for lat-

ent, several of the articles stolen from various residences being found in his trunk.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

December 7, 1891.

The billiard hall on Pikes Peak avenue which had been conducted by A. L. Hunter and Samuel Altman, was closed by the creditors. Mr. Altman was one of the prominent characters of Cripple Creek's early history, the town of Altman having been named for him.

B. B. McReynolds was trying to arrange for a bicycle relay race between this city and Denver. If this proved successful he talked of organizing a similar race between Denver and Salt Lake City. Mr. McReynolds is now superintendent of the city water system.



Conquering a Woman's "No"

(Copyrighted, 1911, by Laura Jean Libbey.)

Was there ever a lover so weak of purpose and faint of heart, that he took a woman's "no" for granted, when her love was the jewel he asked her for?

Half of the world of women have been won over their persistence of love. In ordinary matters of life a woman's "no" may mean "no." But it is never safe to take this for granted where her happiness of a life-time is concerned. There is nothing which sounds so sweet to a woman's ears as to hear her lover say, "I shall never be satisfied with that answer. I shall win you, though it takes years and a world of devotion to accomplish it."

That's the kind of lover that every woman is looking for. He who takes a woman's "no" without troubling himself to see further cannot be much in love with her, she concludes. She checks a sigh on her lips and concludes to look for a heart mate.

The greatest of men has been known to wait long years and have had a merry chase of it through love's tangled path. Did they despair? Certainly not. They knew the heart of woman well. Their devotion was sure to win at last.

Even a mother's "no" has been known to capitulate in the end before a determined lover's onslaught of pleading. When hope seems darkest to a lover that is often the time when the clouds that obscured his love dream are about to break away.

Lovers who are too easily discouraged are scarcely worth while for a woman to put her hopes on. With them it is probably "this young woman today and that one tomorrow."

Such men are no light of love that companionship satisfies them while others love once and forever, and know

no defeat, but make it the business of their lives to conquer the "no" of the woman whom they love and refuse to give up.

Let every man take heart. Love is never meant to be in vain.

ANSWERS

"20 22."

"Dear Miss Libbey, I am 20 years of age. "He" is 22. He attends night school and expects to complete his course in about a year and a half and is undecided whether to get married next spring or when he graduates. I am strongly opposed to long engagements and think two years is long enough. Since I have been engaged I have given up almost all my boy friends and dances; also parties, as he does not care for them, but is very good to me in many ways and I know he loves me very much. Don't you think we ought to get married? He could keep up with his studies just the same, though it will be hard with a wife and home to take care of."

"A E."

Yes, I think it would be wiser if you were to marry as you plan to do in the spring.

SHALL SHE ASK HIM?

"Dear Miss Libbey: Have been to two or three gatherings, where I have met a young man who has paid quite a bit of attention to me—that is, chosen me when asked whom he would like to take to luncheon, and also seeing me home after each gathering. Now there is a sorority giving a picnic party, and I would like to have this young man come up there with me. He knows I am not in the habit of running after any fellow, so I want to ask you if you thought this young man would think I was running after him if I wrote a note to him asking him if he would like to attend this gathering with me."

VERY ANXIOUS

Yes ask him if you wish him to accompany you. It is entirely correct to do so.

The Busy Corner
142 RETAIL STORE
Phone M. 4

WINTER

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COLORADO & SOUTHERN

ALWAYS THE BEST LINE

THROUGH ELECTRIC LIGHTED DINING AND SLEEPING CARS TO

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COURTESY IS OUR SPECIALTY. ASK THE MAN.

Denver and Return

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VIA

RIO GRANDE

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General Steamship Agency.

Sole Agency Clark's Tours.

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OF COLORADO SPRINGS, CO.

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THE REED INVESTMENT CO.

West Investment

Colorado Springs, Colorado

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN & PROVISIONS

MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

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PRIVATE WIRE TO ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES

11111, Mining Exchange Building Telephone No. 188

Italy and Egypt

SPECIAL TRIP

by the superb transatlantic liner

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA,

the largest and most luxurious ship in the world.

The Hamburg-American Line.

FEBRUARY 14, 1912.

for Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Tunis, Naples, Genoa, Rome, Florence, Venice, and Port Said.

Time for sightseeing at each port.

To or from Port Said, \$105 and up.

To or from all other ports, \$115 and up.

Also include in the trip to the West, the North Atlantic, around the world, etc.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE

150 West Randolph St., Chicago, Ill., or Principal R. R. office in Colorado Springs.

LORIMER DEFENSE BEGINS

Senator's Attorney Introducing Witnesses to Refute Testimony of Charles A. White

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6. Senator Lorimer's lawyer today began laying the foundation of his defense before the senate committee which is investigating his election, by introducing witnesses to refute the testimony of Charles A. White, a former member of the Illinois legislature, who made a so-called confession of accepting a bribe to vote for Lorimer.

William H. Sturmer, clerk in the Briggs house, Chicago, and Fred Zentner, a salesman, were called to testify to an alleged conversation with White in August, 1909.

Both repeated their testimony given at the previous investigation, that White had announced to them that the Lorimer crowd and my old pal Browne will have to come across when I say the word. The witnesses said they both drew the inference that White intended to extort money from Browne or Lorimer.

Zentner testified that White had declared:

"You know that I am a Democrat and I voted for Lorimer, and I'll make that bunch come across. I'm going to get a lot of money without working."

ABANDON TURBINE TYPE FOR RECIPROCAL ENGINES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—After comparative tests on a number of the navy vessels the navy department has decided to abandon the turbine type of engines for battleships and to substitute the reciprocal engines.

This change has been made in the face of the fact that practically all other nations of the world have adopted the turbine engine.

Rear Admiral H. E. Cone, chief of the bureau of steam engineering, who conducted the tests, says it was discovered that the reciprocal system was about 30 per cent more economical. The battleships Delaware and North Dakota, now being built, will be equipped with the engine.

Admiral Cone adds, however, that the new turbines, as installed in the fast cruisers and scouts, have materially raised the range of speed at which these vessels may be safely and continuously driven.

BALLOON FALLS INTO TREE

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Dec. 6.—The balloon Topeka II, containing Frank Jacobs, licensed pilot and William Jacobs of Atchison, Kan., and C. Douglas of New York, a member of the National Aero society, which ascended at Atchison, Kan., this morning, dropped into a treetop at Elwood, Kan., opposite here this evening, having been up seven hours. The occupants escaped unhurt. The ascension was made for the purpose of experimenting with a model of a multiplane which Jacobs built but which was lost before a trial was attempted.

FOLKS PAST FIFTY MUST USE CASCARETS

What Oldest Are to Weak Eyes, Cerebrals Are to Weak Bowels—A 10-Cut Box Will Truly Amaze You

Most old people must give to the bowels some regular help, else they suffer from constipation. The condition is perfectly natural. It is just as natural as it is for old people to walk slowly. For age is never so active as youth. The muscles are less elastic. And the bowels are muscles.

So all old people need Cascarets. One might as well refuse to aid weak eyes with glasses as to neglect this gentle aid to weak bowels. The bowels must be kept active. This is important at all ages, but never so much as at fifty.

Age is not a time for harsh physics. Youth may occasionally whip the bowels into activity. But a lash can't be used every day. What the bowels of the old need is a gentle and natural tonic. One that can be constantly used without harm. The only such tonic is Cascarets and they cost only 10 cents per box at any drug store. They work while you sleep.

What the Press Agents Say

MAX DILL IN BERNARD SUCCESS

One of the most important attractions of the present theatrical season at the Opera house is the engagement of Max Dill and his splendid company in the famous musical comedy, "The Rich Mr. Hogenheimer." Monday night competent critics declare the work of Mr. Dill to be the funniest and best thing he has ever attempted. Max Dill has enjoyed a wonderful season since starting alone, his success has been phenomenal. While he has only confined his time and talent to the cost exclusively for a number of years, it is Mr. Dill's intention of taking "The Rich Mr. Hogenheimer" east and appearing on Broadway late this winter.

"The Rich Mr. Hogenheimer" is an original plangent musical comedy. The costumes, scenery, electrical effects are all new and the musical numbers are acknowledged to be the greatest of their kind. The cast is a collection of well-known theatrical celebrities, with a chorus whose fame is synonymous with the title of the comedy. The critics of the coast have praised this production until its fame is second to none. The public which pays its good money to be entertained at the theater has seen, marveled and commended in highest terms. It is conceded to be better than the season's best.

"WHEN KNIGHTHOOD WAS IN FLOWER"

The announcement that Miss Anna Day, who has won her laurels on the American stage as a finished emotional actress, and her capable company of players, are to present that fine old sixteenth century period drama, "When Knighthood Was in Flower" at the Opera house on Wednesday night, should draw forth the largest audience that the local playhouse has seen this season. Miss Day brings with her to this city a company of players who have been carefully chosen for the roles they essay.

Many plays have been written around that romantic sixteenth century period, but the dramatization of Charles Majors' great novel, "When Knighthood Was in Flower" has steadily led in popular favor throughout America.

Miss Day in the role of Mary Tudor, the madcap princess in the first act until she appears in the fifth act as the stately Queen Mary of France, has ample opportunity to demonstrate her versatility as a clever actress.

The production has been given an elaborate setting by Mr. William K. Sparks, every detail as to scenes, costumes, etc., of the period in which the play is laid, being minutely worked out. Every lady in Colorado Springs will be interested in seeing the elaborate dress creations worn by Miss Day in this production.

FULGORA WILL LIVE IN HISTORY OF POST-REX

Robert Fulgora's title to fame is secure. He will go down in the history of the man with the twist. Two turns and a twist.

Alfred Tennyson Dickens is not an Englishman but an Australian, having emigrated over 10 years ago. England does not appeal to him as does America.

40 Years of Success

For over 40 years Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines have kept the lead and still stand in the front rank as curative agents.

They are little advertised now, as compared with many others, resting, as they do for popularity upon their many years of marvelous cures and the grateful friends they have made.

ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS

They must know of many cures of bad cases of Female Weakness and Kindred Ailments of Women due to the use of

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

It's the only advertised medicine for woman's ills which contains neither alcohol (which to most women is worse than a skat poison) nor habit-forming, or injurious drugs and the makers of which are not afraid to print all its ingredients on its outside wrapper. Is that not significant?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Is equally renowned for its many cures of Stomach Weakness, Indigestion, Torpid, or Lazy Liver and kindred derangements, as well as for Blood and Skin affections. In many ailments of women the combined use of these two medicines is advised.

It's only a dishonest dealer, here and there, that will attempt to persuade you to accept a secret formula, in place of these time-proven remedies of KNOWN COMPOSITION. Resist the insult to your intelligence and trade elsewhere.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

transform the modest black garments which clothe Mr. Fulgora's mother into the gorgeous uniform of a drum major. One hitch and a couple of jerks and the uniform is covered with the skirts of an Irish fisherman. A pull on the left suspender and he is General Grant standing before the historic table receiving the surrender of General Lee who is personated by a tall handsome supercilious quantity of the best white horsehair in the place of whiskers. There are three other chicken breasted and heroic supercilious in the tableau also and the orchestra plays "My Country 'Tis of Thee" so feelingly that every body in the house lets go of his patriotic enthusiasm.

There is nothing in vaudeville like the act of Fulgora and it is not often that fate brings about a queerer twist in a man's life than in the case of



MAX DILL, As He Appears in the Title Role of "The Rich Mr. Hogenheimer" at the Opera House Monday Night Only

This old-time favorite whose early successes had almost been forgotten in the light of his later life. Three years ago Fulgora was one of the greatest theatrical magnates of the country, with companies and theaters of his own today he is again doing a turn as he was a decade ago.

His act is the headliner at the Majestic, opening Saturday, and it can't fail to prove one of the biggest cards in months.

REX FILMS EXHIBITED FIRST IN THIS CITY

As the result of an arrangement made by Manager Tammien of the Majestic theater, the famous Rex photographs, admittedly the finest thing in the motion picture line, will hereafter be exhibited in this city the same date that they are first shown in the east. A concession which has been obtained in the country has been able to obtain.

The Majestic as is well known, has the exclusive right in Colorado Springs to the Rex films, and in the past has exhibited them within a week after their original release one other city on the Sullivan & Considine circuit having had them the week of original release. Now, however, the films are to come to the Majestic theater in this city first, so that Colorado Springs will see the new Rex films each week in advance of any other western city. This arrangement begins next week and opening the coming Saturday afternoon, "The Price" another of the great Rex human interest dramas, will be seen here. This week's film, "The Return" is a feature of the bill.

DICKENS' SON TELLS OF FATHER'S LIFE

Probably no foreigner who has visited this country within the last decade has been given such widespread attention as Alfred Tennyson Dickens who is to lecture at Perkins hall Thursday evening upon the subject of "My Father and His Works." The large eastern papers are giving him not only columns but pages and the Associated Press is following him to every lecture point. It is very seldom that such an opportunity presents itself for hearing so interesting an address by so notable a man.

Alfred Tennyson Dickens is not an Englishman but an Australian, having emigrated over 10 years ago. England does not appeal to him as does America.

Dr. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER

Made from pure, grape cream of tartar

FOREMOST BAKING POWDER IN THE WORLD

Makes home baking easy. Nothing can equal it for making, quickly and perfectly, delicate hot biscuit, hot-breads, muffins, cake and pastry.

Protects the food from alum.

GRACE VAN STUDDIFORD SEATS

First a star in light opera "Nan in Grand Opera," then a leader in society and now a star in comic opera. This is the unique record of Grace Van Studdiford, prima donna.

The title roles of "Maid Marian" and "Red Feather," which were undoubtedly two of the greatest light opera successes of the American stage, were both the creation of this talented singer. "Marguerite," "Martha," "Mile," and "Leonora" are a few of the historic roles in grand opera that she sang at the Metropolitan opera house in New York. Every general reader of the press knows of her subsequent activity and prominence as a leader in American society. Then came financial reverses which necessitated her return to the stage. This brought the resumption of her position at the very head of her profession in her own beautiful and artistic production of "The Golden Butterfly." Last season she blossomed forth as the star of the international comic opera success, "The Paradise of Mahomet," which will be the attraction at the Opera house Saturday night. The seats will be on sale this morning. The price are 50 cents to \$2.

Grace Van Studdiford, unlike many other theatrical stars, never complains of the fickle public. She could not honestly do so. The public has ever been loyal to her. Several years ago of her own accord Miss Van Studdiford retired to private life. Her cup of professional happiness was full. Within the brief space of a decade she had risen from the obscurity of a minor role in "The Black Hussar" to the proud distinction of being acclaimed everywhere "the leading American prima donna." This had been accomplished only after success had followed success.

ANNA HEID TUESDAY

Anna Heid, the noted comedienne, who is making a farewell tour of the principal American cities, is to be seen at the Opera house on Tuesday night in J. Ziegfeld, Jr.'s massive musical entertainment, "Miss Innocence," which is coming here with the New York stamp of approval, the piece having

REPUBLICANS DO NOT WANT TO DROP ASK AN INQUIRY

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The chairman of the house committee on expenditures in the interior department to drop the Controller's bay investigation, produced a break in the committee at an executive session today.

Republican members, who had called that the investigation continue until all sides of the case has been heard, will probably continue the fight on the floor.

It is understood that a fight will be made on Chairman Graham, by Republican members of his committee, to reopen these hearings and to call "C. M. F. Abbott, who claimed to have found the famous 'Dr. W. to-Dick' letter."

It is expected the Republican members shortly will formulate a report to be made to the house. The Republican members will join in a minority report.

YOU CAN SAVE

**\$100
\$200
\$400**

(or more)

**By
Buying**

Thornton Ranch
Irrigated Farm Tracts
6 Miles East of Colorado Springs

**TODAY!
See Page 4**

Railroad Time Tables

Denver & Rio Grande

Effective November 12, 1911.

City Ticket Office, 125 E. Pike's Peak.

Phone Main 90

SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

No. 1-Salt Lake City and Pacific

Coast, Kansas City and St.

Louis

8-Salt Lake City and Pacific

Coast, Kansas City and St.

Louis

9-Pueblo and Canon City

10-Pueblo, Kansas City, St.

Louis

11-Pueblo, Canon City, St.

Louis

12-Alamosa, Durango, Silverton

13-Salida, Leadville, Ouray, Tell.

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41-Salida, Leadville, Ouray, Tell.

42-Salida, Leadville, Ouray, Tell.

Cripple Creek Road

Effective November 12, 1911.

City Ticket Office, 125 E. Pike's Peak.

Phone Main 90

WESTBOUND.

Leave Colorado Springs 6:45 pm

Arrive Cripple Creek 10:30 pm

Leave Cripple Creek 7:30 am

Arrive Colorado Springs 9:30 am

EASTBOUND.

Leave Colorado Springs 6:45 am

Arrive Cripple Creek 10:30 am

Leave Cripple Creek 7:30 pm

Arrive Colorado Springs 9:30 pm

COLORADO & SOUTHERN

119 East Pike's Peak Ave.

Phone Main 144

Effective November 12, 1911.

TO DENVER.

1-For Denver 7:30 am

2-For Denver 11:30 am

3-For Denver 3:30 pm

4-For Denver 7:30 pm

FROM DENVER.

1-From Denver 7:30 am

2-From Denver 11:30 am

3-From Denver 3:30 pm

4-From Denver 7:30 pm

TO COLORADO SPRINGS.

1-From Colorado Springs 7:30 am

2-From Colorado Springs 11:30 am

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4-From Colorado Springs 7:30 pm

FROM COLORADO SPRINGS.

1-From Colorado Springs 7:30 am

2-From Colorado Springs 11:30 am

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FROM COLORADO SPRINGS.

1-From Colorado Springs 7:30 am

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4-From Colorado Springs 7:30 pm

BOND LIST

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Hough.

Atchafalpa general 4s 98 98 1/2

do convertible 4s 98 98 1/2

Baltimore & Ohio 4s 98 98 1/2

C. & O. Joint 4s 98 98 1/2

do Illinois 4s 98 98 1/2

do general 4s 98 98 1/2

Central Pacific first 4s 98 98 1/2

C. R. I. & P. refund 4s 98 98 1/2

do coll. trust 4s 98 98 1/2

Col. Southern first 4s 98 98 1/2

Denver & Rio Grande 4s 98 98 1/2

Missouri Pacific 4s 98 98 1/2

So. Pac. first refund 4s 98 98 1/2

do collateral 4s 98 98 1/2

Southern Railway 4s 98 98 1/2

do convertible 4s 98 98 1/2

U. S. S. cor. sink fund 4s 98 98 1/2

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NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The news from Washington affected stocks adversely today. Throughout the session the market was slow until the late afternoon, when a few shares were depressed rapidly by an active selling movement.

The attack was aimed chiefly at the railroad issues. Many of them were forced back from 1 to 2 points.

Two bills before congress seemed to give traders concern. They were those providing for the abolition of the commerce court and for the physical valuation of railroads. The former measure was cited as the reason for the severe pressure against Northwestern railroad stocks, the explanation being that it was these lines which were benefited by the commerce court's action in preventing, for the time at least, the reduction in freight rates ordered by the interstate commerce commission. Uncertainty as to what plan the Wilson administration will adopt, and as to whether it will involve an assessment on shareholders gave an irregular turn to the market for these securities.

Allis-Chalmers, preferred, fell to 3, and the 5 percent bonds to 8 1/2, the lowest prices at which these issues ever sold, and the common declined to 3 1/2, within a fraction of the lowest. Federal Mining, preferred, broke 3 points. The collapse in this stock weakened American Smelting, by which it is indirectly controlled.

The figures of the November iron production showed a decrease of 66,000 tons, but the weekly trade reviews expressed the opinion that the long decline in steel products had been arrested.

The bond market showed a reactionary tendency. Total sales, par value, \$4,223,000. United States 4s, registered, 40 1/2 on call.

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Hough.

Atchafalpa general 4s 98 98 1/2

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